REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS AND BOARD OF DIRECTORS KHON KAEN SUGAR INDUSTRY PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Khon Kaen Sugar Industry Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries (the "Group") and the separate financial statements of Khon Kaen Sugar Industry Public Company Limited (the "Company"), which comprise the consolidated and separate statements of financial position as at October 31, 2023, and the related consolidated and separate statements of profit or loss, statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in shareholders' equity and statements of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated and separate financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Khon Kaen Sugar Industry Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries and of Khon Kaen Sugar Industry Public Company Limited as at October 31, 2023, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRSs").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing ("TSAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Federation of Accounting Professions' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current year. This matter was addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on this matter.

Key Audit Matter

Allowance for Expected Credit Losses of Farmer Receivables and Loans for Cane Plantation Development

As at October 31, 2023, the Group has allowance for expected credit losses of farmer receivables and loans for cane plantation development, which are significant to the financial statements.

We focused on the assessment of such allowance for expected credit losses because the allowance for expected credit losses of farmer receivables and loans for cane plantation development are considered to be significant accounting estimates which the management is required to exercise considerable judgement in determining the reasonableness of assumptions used in estimating allowance for expected credit losses. Therefore, we considered the appropriateness of the assumptions used in determining allowance for expected credit losses of farmer receivables and loans for cane plantation development is a key audit matter.

The accounting policies and disclosure of allowance for expected credit losses of farmer receivables and loans for cane plantation development are in Notes 3.2, 3.12, 4, 7.2, 9, 15 and 16 to the financial statements.

Audit Responses

Significant audit procedures include the following:

- Inquiring and gaining an understanding of process and internal control for identification, judgement and assumptions used in estimating the expected credit loss allowance required for farmer receivables and loans for cane plantation development in general and specific cases, including assessment the reasonableness of the probability of default, loss given default and exposure at default by considering the management's reasons used to assess the adequacy of the loss allowance based on the assessment of credit risk and expected to incur of accounts receivables and reviewing the consistency of the application of that basis.
- Evaluating the design and implementation of the internal control procedures related to the allowance for expected credit losses.
- Assessment of the appropriateness of model design, assumptions, inputs and formulas used with an involvement of our internal specialists in testing.
- Testing the correctness of data used in the ECL calculation and mathematically calculating the allowance for expected credit loss as specified in the model on a sample basis.
- Evaluating the sufficiency and appropriateness of disclosure in the notes to the financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting standards.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises information in the annual report, which is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the consolidated and separate financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the annual report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and the management of the Group.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated and separate financial statements in accordance with TFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated and separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated and separate financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group and the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with TSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated and separate financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with TSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated and separate
financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures
responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to
provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting
from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion,
forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated and separate financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated and separate financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Wimolporn Boonyusthian
Certified Public Accountant (Thailand)
Registration No. 4067

KHON KAEN SUGAR INDUSTRY PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT OCTOBER 31, 2023

					UNII : DAIII
	Notes	Consolidated Fir	nancial Statements	Separate Finan	cial Statements
		as at	as at	as at	as at
		October 31,	October 31,	October 31,	October 31,
		2023	2022	2023	2022
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	5.3	206,390,333	254,845,234	36,608,220	62,444,886
Trade and other current receivables	7	1,266,598,706	1,058,208,289	2,209,028,374	1,472,303,918
Finance lease current receivables	8	-	380,574,156	-	-
Short-term loans	9	672,568,621	623,848,631	1,949,380,095	1,117,702,820
Inventories	10	2,131,060,920	2,740,202,114	635,494,095	1,313,619,001
Current biological assets	11	56,663,048	52,848,517	-	-
Other current financial assets	12	203,114,844	655,361,777	203,114,844	655,094,819
Other current assets		34,555,757	47,629,495	11,465,459	12,349,054
Total Current Assets	•	4,570,952,229	5,813,518,213	5,045,091,087	4,633,514,498
NON-CURRENT ASSETS					
Other non-current financial assets	12	210,996,761	228,662,932	196,202,770	221,392,722
Investments in associates	13	4,232,071,703	4,803,044,239	3,529,449,776	3,664,649,307
Investments in subsidiaries	14	-	-	4,915,832,116	5,060,432,569
Trade and other non-current receivables	15	76,435,860	100,201,935	38,776,550	44,575,533
Long-term loans	16	130,300,543	112,786,755	1,753,701,261	2,030,720,780
Investment properties	17	6,420,181,532	6,296,687,431	2,303,526,421	2,179,171,421
Property, plant and equipment	18	23,972,446,897	24,139,188,172	8,140,505,717	8,515,387,248
Right-of-use assets	19	55,894,753	49,678,249	219,147,030	257,725,625
Other intangible assets		17,212,911	21,950,812	12,361,936	16,922,331
Deferred tax assets	26.2	4,017,734	1,271,483	-	-
Other non-current assets		107,916,117	82,947,933	42,512,501	38,624,515
Total Non-current Assets	•	35,227,474,811	35,836,419,941	21,152,016,078	22,029,602,051
TOTAL ASSETS	•	39,798,427,040	41,649,938,154	26,197,107,165	26,663,116,549

KHON KAEN SUGAR INDUSTRY PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)

AS AT OCTOBER 31, 2023

					UNII . DAII	
	Notes	Consolidated Fina	ancial Statements	Separate Financial Statements		
		as at	as at	as at	as at	
		October 31,	October 31,	October 31,	October 31,	
		2023	2022	2023	2022	
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY						
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Short-term borrowings from financial institutions	20	4,086,000,000	4,731,071,000	2,612,000,000	2,550,000,000	
Trade and other current payables	21	1,657,445,639	1,076,779,711	634,860,888	682,206,511	
Current portion of long-term borrowings	23	2,962,000,000	2,535,000,000	2,712,000,000	2,285,000,000	
Current portion of lease liabilities	24	14,278,591	12,313,936	44,913,688	42,319,222	
Short-term borrowings	5.2	14,100,000	8,100,000	1,431,100,000	1,056,100,000	
Current income tax payable		64,949,407	39,201,391	-	-	
Other current financial liabilities	25	116,751,072	557,577,306	116,751,072	557,577,306	
Other current liabilities		32,294,863	25,253,625	1,572,427	1,030,911	
Total Current Liabilities		8,947,819,572	8,985,296,969	7,553,198,075	7,174,233,950	
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Long-term debentures	22	2,648,900,708	2,648,671,833	2,648,900,708	2,648,671,833	
Long-term borrowings	23	4,665,073,718	6,759,404,167	4,165,073,718	6,009,404,167	
Lease liabilities	24	27,974,969	22,121,634	190,493,230	228,188,793	
Deferred tax liabilities	26.3	1,634,183,615	1,603,712,901	511,977,853	256,431,684	
Non-current provision for employee benefits	27	210,874,403	198,213,297	78,274,409	74,785,641	
Other non-current liabilities		86,804,466	69,205,563	22,620,259	20,911,042	
Total Non-current Liabilities	•	9,273,811,879	11,301,329,395	7,617,340,177	9,238,393,160	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	•	18,221,631,451	20,286,626,364	15,170,538,252	16,412,627,110	

KHON KAEN SUGAR INDUSTRY PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)

AS AT OCTOBER 31, 2023

	Notes	Consolidated Fin	ancial Statements	Separate Financial Statements		
		as at	as at	as at	as at	
		October 31,	October 31,	October 31,	October 31,	
		2023	2022	2023	2022	
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (CONTINUED)						
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY						
SHARE CAPITAL						
Authorized share capital						
4,410,243,648 ordinary shares of Baht 0.50 each	_	2,205,121,824	2,205,121,824	2,205,121,824	2,205,121,824	
Issued and paid-up share capital	•					
4,410,232,619 ordinary shares of Baht 0.50 each,						
fully paid		2,205,116,310	2,205,116,310	2,205,116,310	2,205,116,310	
SHARE PREMIUM - ORDINARY SHARES		2,946,439,199	2,946,439,199	2,946,439,199	2,946,439,199	
RETAINED EARNINGS						
Appropriated						
Legal reserve	28	220,512,200	220,512,200	220,512,200	220,512,200	
Unappropriated		13,747,773,773	13,180,188,151	5,018,113,204	4,320,559,470	
OTHER COMPONENTS OF EQUITY		1,974,412,846	2,338,092,417	636,388,000	557,862,260	
TOTAL EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS						
OF THE PARENT		21,094,254,328	20,890,348,277	11,026,568,913	10,250,489,439	
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS		482,541,261	472,963,513	-	-	
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	•	21,576,795,589	21,363,311,790	11,026,568,913	10,250,489,439	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	·	39,798,427,040	41,649,938,154	26,197,107,165	26,663,116,549	

KHON KAEN SUGAR INDUSTRY PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2023

<u>UNIT : BAHT</u>

	Notes	Consoli	idated	Separate			
		Financial S	tatements	Financial S			
		2023	2022	2023	2022		
Revenues from sales and rendering of services							
Revenues from sales		18,300,974,123	16,177,796,811	9,680,294,553	9,281,007,351		
Revenues from rendering of services		147,869,405	151,285,483	45,870,888	41,389,696		
	=	18,448,843,528	16,329,082,294	9,726,165,441	9,322,397,047		
Costs of sales and rendering of services	=	_					
Costs of sales		(15,755,723,688)	(13,471,470,670)	(8,860,305,316)	(7,810,644,316)		
Costs of rendering of services		(75,269,649)	(69,092,218)	(39,184,733)	(34,973,151)		
	-	(15,830,993,337)	(13,540,562,888)	(8,899,490,049)	(7,845,617,467)		
Gross profit	-	2,617,850,191	2,788,519,406	826,675,392	1,476,779,580		
Other incomes		154,870,684	219,724,191	146,009,731	117,523,814		
Dividend incomes		-	-	36,478,066	1,598,528,052		
Gain on sales of investments in associates	13	11,171,253	-	796,833,166	-		
Distribution costs		(511,229,847)	(434,208,945)	(291,492,681)	(258,528,458)		
Administrative expenses		(759,073,018)	(742,458,889)	(273,782,660)	(343,766,496)		
Net foreign exchange (loss) gain		(7,269,679)	41,850,531	(9,112,851)	164,674,840		
Gain on fair value adjustments of							
investment property		118,204,229	121,300,145	119,360,229	100,641,336		
Loss on impairment of investments in an associate	13	(196,037,135)	-	-	-		
Reversal loss on impairment of							
investments in subsidiaries	14	-	-	215,399,547	65,336,126		
Gain (loss) on sales and disposal of assets		23,804,776	30,945,676	4,698,698	(967,935)		
Loss on impairment of property, plant							
and equipment		-	(58,980,430)	-	-		
Profit from operating activities	_	1,452,291,454	1,966,691,685	1,571,066,637	2,920,220,859		
Finance incomes		80,576,696	105,323,156	128,821,740	120,746,613		
Finance costs		(472,777,540)	(428,712,294)	(444,582,029)	(405,222,871)		
Share of gain on investment in associates	_	12,105,794	76,086,552	-	-		
Profit before income tax expense	_	1,072,196,404	1,719,389,099	1,255,306,348	2,635,744,601		
Income tax expense	26.1	(151,911,757)	(390,539,317)	(238,539,684)	(203,513,245)		
PROFIT FOR THE YEARS	=	920,284,647	1,328,849,782	1,016,766,664	2,432,231,356		
PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO:							
Owners of the parent		903,587,158	1,321,220,814	1,016,766,664	2,432,231,356		
Non-controlling interests		16,697,489	7,628,968	-	-		
	-	920,284,647	1,328,849,782	1,016,766,664	2,432,231,356		
EARNINGS PER SHARE	32						
Basic earnings per share	BAHT	0.205	0.300	0.231	0.551		
Basic number of ordinary shares	SHARES	4,410,232,619	4,410,232,619	4,410,232,619	4,410,232,619		

KHON KAEN SUGAR INDUSTRY PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2023

<u>UNIT : BAHT</u>

	Notes	Consoli	idated	Separate			
		Financial S	tatements	Financial S			
		2023	2022	2023	2022		
Revenues from sales and rendering of services							
Revenues from sales		18,300,974,123	16,177,796,811	9,680,294,553	9,281,007,351		
Revenues from rendering of services		147,869,405	151,285,483	45,870,888	41,389,696		
	=	18,448,843,528	16,329,082,294	9,726,165,441	9,322,397,047		
Costs of sales and rendering of services	=	_					
Costs of sales		(15,755,723,688)	(13,471,470,670)	(8,860,305,316)	(7,810,644,316)		
Costs of rendering of services		(75,269,649)	(69,092,218)	(39,184,733)	(34,973,151)		
	-	(15,830,993,337)	(13,540,562,888)	(8,899,490,049)	(7,845,617,467)		
Gross profit	-	2,617,850,191	2,788,519,406	826,675,392	1,476,779,580		
Other incomes		154,870,684	219,724,191	146,009,731	117,523,814		
Dividend incomes		-	-	36,478,066	1,598,528,052		
Gain on sales of investments in associates	13	11,171,253	-	796,833,166	-		
Distribution costs		(511,229,847)	(434,208,945)	(291,492,681)	(258,528,458)		
Administrative expenses		(759,073,018)	(742,458,889)	(273,782,660)	(343,766,496)		
Net foreign exchange (loss) gain		(7,269,679)	41,850,531	(9,112,851)	164,674,840		
Gain on fair value adjustments of							
investment property		118,204,229	121,300,145	119,360,229	100,641,336		
Loss on impairment of investments in an associate	13	(196,037,135)	-	-	-		
Reversal loss on impairment of							
investments in subsidiaries	14	-	-	215,399,547	65,336,126		
Gain (loss) on sales and disposal of assets		23,804,776	30,945,676	4,698,698	(967,935)		
Loss on impairment of property, plant							
and equipment		-	(58,980,430)	-	-		
Profit from operating activities	_	1,452,291,454	1,966,691,685	1,571,066,637	2,920,220,859		
Finance incomes		80,576,696	105,323,156	128,821,740	120,746,613		
Finance costs		(472,777,540)	(428,712,294)	(444,582,029)	(405,222,871)		
Share of gain on investment in associates	_	12,105,794	76,086,552	-	-		
Profit before income tax expense	_	1,072,196,404	1,719,389,099	1,255,306,348	2,635,744,601		
Income tax expense	26.1	(151,911,757)	(390,539,317)	(238,539,684)	(203,513,245)		
PROFIT FOR THE YEARS	=	920,284,647	1,328,849,782	1,016,766,664	2,432,231,356		
PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO:							
Owners of the parent		903,587,158	1,321,220,814	1,016,766,664	2,432,231,356		
Non-controlling interests		16,697,489	7,628,968	-	-		
	-	920,284,647	1,328,849,782	1,016,766,664	2,432,231,356		
EARNINGS PER SHARE	32						
Basic earnings per share	BAHT	0.205	0.300	0.231	0.551		
Basic number of ordinary shares	SHARES	4,410,232,619	4,410,232,619	4,410,232,619	4,410,232,619		

KHON KAEN SUGAR INDUSTRY PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2023

	Notes		Owners of the parent											Non-controlling	Total	
		Issued and	Share premium	d Earnings	Other components of shareholders' equity To								Total	interests	shareholders'	
		paid-up	Ordinary	Appropriated	Unappropriated	Other comprehensive income (expense)				Loss on	(Loss) gain	Total	owners of		equity	
		share capital	shares	Legal reserve		Exchange	(Loss) gain	(Loss) gain	Gain (loss)	Share of other	internal	on change in	other	the parent		
						differences	on cash flow	on measuring	on asset	comprehensive	restructure	shareholding	components			
						on translating	hedges	financial assets	revaluation	loss of	of entities	ratio in	of shareholders'			
						financial				associates using the	under common	subsidiaries	equity			
						statements				equity method	control					
For the year ended October 31, 2022																
Beginning balance as at November 1, 2021		2,205,116,310	2,946,439,199	220,512,200	12,113,767,259	(33,801,693)	(93,338,898)	(147,752,752)	2,916,876,224	(77,483,172)	(263,275,867)	(206,256,492)	2,094,967,350	19,580,802,318	530,858,030	20,111,660,348
Changes in shareholders' equity during the year																
- Dividends paid	28	-	-	-	(264,610,848)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(264,610,848)	-	(264,610,848)
- Profit for the years		-	-	-	1,321,220,814	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,321,220,814	7,628,968	1,328,849,782
- Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year		-	-	_	9,810,926	198,074,693	(29,657,075)	26,449,450	(38,549,056)	(143,603)	-	86,950,658	243,125,067	252,935,993	(65,523,485)	187,412,508
Ending balance as at October 31, 2022		2,205,116,310	2,946,439,199	220,512,200	13,180,188,151	164,273,000	(122,995,973)	(121,303,302)	2,878,327,168	(77,626,775)	(263,275,867)	(119,305,834)	2,338,092,417	20,890,348,277	472,963,513	21,363,311,790
For the year ended October 31, 2023																
Beginning balance as at November 1, 2022		2,205,116,310	2,946,439,199	220,512,200	13,180,188,151	164,273,000	(122,995,973)	(121,303,302)	2,878,327,168	(77,626,775)	(263,275,867)	(119,305,834)	2,338,092,417	20,890,348,277	472,963,513	21,363,311,790
Changes in shareholders' equity during the year																
- Dividends paid	28	-	-	-	(308,713,129)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(308,713,129)	(1,043,100)	(309,756,229)
- Profit for the years		-	-	-	903,587,158	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	903,587,158	16,697,489	920,284,647
- Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year					(27,288,407)	(93,248,447)	98,677,702	(20,151,962)	(40,732,483)	(308,224,381)	-	-	(363,679,571)	(390,967,978)	(6,076,641)	(397,044,619)
Ending balance as at October 31, 2023		2,205,116,310	2,946,439,199	220,512,200	13,747,773,773	71,024,553	(24,318,271)	(141,455,264)	2,837,594,685	(385,851,156)	(263,275,867)	(119,305,834)	1,974,412,846	21,094,254,328	482,541,261	21,576,795,589

KHON KAEN SUGAR INDUSTRY PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES SEPARATE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2023

	Notes	Issued and	Share premium	Retaine	d earnings		Other components of sha	areholders' equity		Total
		paid-up Ordinary		Appropriated	Unappropriated	C	Other comprehensive income (exp	Total other	shareholders'	
		share capital	shares	Legal reserve		(Loss) gain	(Loss) gain on measuring	Gain (loss) on	components	equity
						on cash flow	financial assets	asset revaluation	of shareholders'	
						hedges			equity	
For the year ended October 31, 2022										
Beginning balance as at November 1, 2021		2,205,116,310	2,946,439,199	220,512,200	2,121,592,608	(94,795,277)	(147,752,752)	840,710,591	598,162,562	8,091,822,879
Changes in shareholders' equity during the year										
- Dividends paid	28	-	-	-	(264,610,848)	-	-	-	-	(264,610,848)
- Profit for the years		-	-	-	2,432,231,356	-	-	-	-	2,432,231,356
- Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year		-	-	-	31,346,354	(28,200,696)	26,449,450	(38,549,056)	(40,300,302)	(8,953,948)
Ending balance as at October 31, 2022	=	2,205,116,310	2,946,439,199	220,512,200	4,320,559,470	(122,995,973)	(121,303,302)	802,161,535	557,862,260	10,250,489,439
F th										
For the year ended October 31, 2023		2 205 116 210	2.046.420.100	220 512 200	4 220 550 470	(122.005.072)	(121 202 202)	002 161 525	557.062.260	10.250.400.420
Beginning balance as at November 1, 2022		2,205,116,310	2,946,439,199	220,512,200	4,320,559,470	(122,995,973)	(121,303,302)	802,161,535	557,862,260	10,250,489,439
Changes in shareholders' equity during the year										
- Dividends paid	28	-	-	-	(308,713,129)	-	-	-	-	(308,713,129)
- Profit for the years		-	-	-	1,016,766,664	-	-	-	-	1,016,766,664
- Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year	_	-	-		(10,499,801)	98,677,702	(20,151,962)	-	78,525,740	68,025,939
Ending balance as at October 31, 2023	_	2,205,116,310	2,946,439,199	220,512,200	5,018,113,204	(24,318,271)	(141,455,264)	802,161,535	636,388,000	11,026,568,913

KHON KAEN SUGAR INDUSTRY PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2023

	Notes	Consol	idated	Separate			
		Financial S	Statements	Financial S			
		2023	2022	2023	2022		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Profit for the years		920,284,647	1,328,849,782	1,016,766,664	2,432,231,356		
Adjustments for:							
Income tax expense		151,911,757	390,539,317	238,539,684	203,513,245		
Dividend income		-	-	(36,478,066)	(1,598,528,052)		
Gain on sales of investments in associates	13	(11,171,253)	-	(796,833,166)	-		
Expected credit losses (reversal)		45,238,006	(76,537,383)	9,286,601	12,293,330		
Unrealized (gain) loss on revaluation of financial liabilities		(9,204,184)	38,899,798	(9,204,184)	38,899,798		
Gain on change in shareholding ratio in an associate	13	-	(58,130,196)	-	-		
Share of gain of investment in associates		(12,105,794)	(76,086,552)	-	-		
Increase of premium on bonds		(23,781)	(23,190)	-	-		
Employee benefit expenses		17,296,137	15,130,427	6,313,376	5,468,159		
Loss from changes in fair value of biological assets		11,921,668	7,229,730	-	-		
Reversal of loss on diminution in value and							
obsolescence of inventories		(2,630,560)	(300,188)	-	(743,162)		
Depreciation and amortization		1,103,349,601	1,180,464,343	478,155,212	519,817,830		
(Gain) loss on sales and disposal of assets		(13,420,038)	(30,714,717)	(4,698,698)	967,935		
Loss on impairment of assets (reversal)		(7,180,832)	64,888,391	-	-		
Loss on impairment of investments in associate	13	196,037,135	-	-	-		
Reversal of loss on impairment of investments in subsidiaries	14	-	-	(215,399,547)	(65,336,126)		
Gain arising from changes in fair values of investment properti	es	(118,204,229)	(121,300,145)	(119,360,229)	(100,641,336)		
Unrealized loss (gain) on exchange rates		641,906	(10,680,521)	317,129	18,537,348		
Finance incomes		(80,576,696)	(105,323,156)	(128,821,740)	(120,746,613)		
Finance costs	_	472,777,540	428,712,294	444,582,029	405,222,871		
		2,664,941,030	2,975,618,034	883,165,065	1,750,956,583		
Operating assets (increase) decrease							
Trade and other current receivables		(223,975,620)	(112,553,341)	(752,319,927)	304,683,008		
Inventories		554,726,241	(32,448,142)	678,124,906	(42,992,689)		
Current biological assets		(15,736,199)	(13,698,008)	-	-		
Other current assets		(1,435,118)	(5,317,503)	47,356	5,700,319		
Trade and other non-current receivables		26,770,513	89,653,500	7,389,846	12,452,082		
Other non-current assets		7,021,461	22,682,229	4,683,650	16,075,889		
Operating liabilities increase (decrease)							
Trade and other current payables		496,925,491	102,544,919	(29,661,995)	96,123,185		
Other current liabilities		7,041,238	(38,011,187)	541,516	(18,129,820)		
Non-current provision for employee benefit		(40,218,266)	(64,755,123)	(15,949,360)	(26,933,774)		
Other non-current liabilities	_	17,598,903	(3,863,367)	1,709,217	(3,563,144)		
Cash received from operating activities	-	3,493,659,674	2,919,852,011	777,730,274	2,094,371,639		
Interest paid		(468,385,972)	(445,161,459)	(421,563,695)	(400,928,790)		
Income tax expense paid	_	(117,027,121)	(46,787,362)	(7,735,397)	(8,571,636)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	_	2,908,246,581	2,427,903,190	348,431,182	1,684,871,213		

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2023

	Notes	Consol	lidated	Separate			
		Financial S	Statements	Financial S	Statements		
		2023	2022	2023	2022		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Decrease in other current financial assets		267,715	-	-	-		
Increase in short-term loans		(25,369,843)	(28,946,237)	(733,768,502)	(81,610,988)		
Increase in other non-current financial assets		(7,500,000)	(22,694,900)	-	(22,694,900)		
Cash payments for investment in investments in a subsidiary		-	-	-	(381,250,725)		
Cash received from capital decrease of a subsidiary		-	-	360,000,000	-		
Cash payments for investment in investments in an associate		-	(284,190,521)	-	(284,190,521)		
Cash received from sales of investments in associates		55,542,501	-	932,032,696	-		
(Increase) decrease in loans for cane plantation development		(93,342,636)	48,249,571	(8,839,418)	17,101,579		
Decrease (increase) in long-term loans		13,072,701	7,897,365	177,072,701	(224,000,000)		
Cash received from interest income		71,638,458	82,830,417	138,622,018	109,730,517		
Cash received from dividends		39,923,629	265,134,254	41,956,130	1,598,528,052		
Cash received from finance lease receivable		380,574,156	19,350,000	-	-		
Payments for purchases of property, plant and equipment		(937,483,292)	(188,147,382)	(65,722,180)	(39,738,819)		
Cash received from sales of property, plant and equipment		51,151,671	9,450,725	7,512,566	2,343,884		
Payments for purchases of investment properties		(2,583,053)	(5,194,458)	(2,287,952)	(4,871,864)		
Cash received from sales of investment properties		-	10,071,935	-	-		
Payments for purchases of intangible assets		(635,528)	(192,605)	(451,878)	(103,880)		
Cash received from sales of unused assets		-	42,184,900	-	-		
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities		(454,743,521)	(44,196,936)	846,126,181	689,242,335		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
(Decrease) increase in short-term borrowings from							
financial institutions	5.2	(645,071,000)	(1,251,703,999)	62,000,000	(1,206,000,000)		
Increase in short-term borrowings	5.2	6,000,000	1,000,000	375,000,000	647,000,000		
Redeem for long-term debentures	5.2	-	(3,000,000,000)	-	(3,000,000,000)		
Cash received from long-term borrowings	5.2	1,000,000,000	4,250,000,000	1,000,000,000	3,250,000,000		
Repayment for long-term borrowings	5.2	(2,535,000,000)	(2,053,380,000)	(2,285,000,000)	(1,682,000,000)		
Repayment for lease liabilities	5.2	(16,656,396)	(15,168,053)	(63,680,900)	(63,150,900)		
Payments for dividends to shareholders of the parent		(308,713,129)	(264,610,848)	(308,713,129)	(264,610,848)		
Payments for dividends to shareholders of							
non-controlling interests		(1,043,100)	-	-	-		
Net cash used in financing activities		(2,500,483,625)	(2,333,862,900)	(1,220,394,029)	(2,318,761,748)		
Exchange differences on translation of cash of foreign subsidiaries	ı	(1,474,336)	(19,062,284)				
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(48,454,901)	30,781,070	(25,836,666)	55,351,800		
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		254,845,234	224,064,164	62,444,886	7,093,086		
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	5.3	206,390,333	254,845,234	36,608,220	62,444,886		

KHON KAEN SUGAR INDUSTRY PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2023

1. GENERAL INFORMATION AND OPERATIONS OF THE COMPANY

Khon Kaen Sugar Industry Public Company Limited (the "Company") was registered as a limited company under the Civil and Commercial Code with the registration number 1163/2519 on October 6, 1976 and was registered as a limited public company on March 18, 2004 with the registration number Bor Mor Jor 32 No. 0107547000214 and was listed with the Stock Exchange of Thailand on March 7, 2005. Its registered headquarter is located at No. 503 K.S.L. Tower, 9th Floor, Sriayudahya Road, Thanon Phaya Thai Sub-District, Ratchathewi District, Bangkok, and the locations of its 7 factories (branches) are as follows:

Branch I at No. 43 Moo 10, Tambol Namphong, Amphur Namphong, Khonkaen Province

Branch II at No. 3003 Moo 6, Tambol Theparak, Amphur Mueang Samut Prakan, Samut Prakan Province

Branch III at No. 255 Moo 4, Tambol Nongyaplong, Amphur Wangsaphung, Loei Province

Branch IV at No. 99 Moo 6, Tambol Lum Rang, Amphur Boploy, Kanchanaburi Province

Branch V at No. 14/1 Moo 10, Saengchooto Road, Tambol Tamaka, Amphur Tamaka, Kanchanaburi Province

Branch VI at No. 24 Moo 1, Ban-Nhongbua Road, Tambol Mon-Nang, Amphur Panutnikom, Chonburi Province

Branch VII at No. 999/1 Moo 5, Tambol Khoklan, Amphur Taphraya, Sakaeo Province.

The Company's main businesses are to manufacture and distribute sugar and molasses, and to trade of spare parts and supplies to its subsidiaries, subcontractors and farmers who have business with the Company and/or its subsidiaries. The subsidiaries' main business operations are described in Note 2.2.

The Company's major shareholder is K.S.L. Sugar Holding Co., Ltd., a company incorporated in Thailand, which holds 33.29% of issued and paid-up share capital.

2. BASIS FOR PREPARATION AND PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company and its subsidiaries in Thailand maintain their accounting records in Thai Baht and prepare their statutory financial statements in Thai language in conformity with Thai Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Federation of Accounting Professions and accounting practices generally accepted in Thailand.

The financial statements of the foreign subsidiaries are translated into Thai Baht for preparation of the consolidated financial statements (see Note 3.20).

2.1 The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Thai Accounting Standard (TAS) No. 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements", and the Regulations of The Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET) dated October 2, 2017, regarding "The Preparation and Submission of Financial Statements and Reports for the Financial Position and Results of Operations of the Listed Companies B.E. 2560" and the Notification of the Department of Business Development dated December 26, 2019 regarding "The Brief Particulars in the Financial Statement (No. 3) B.E. 2562", which was effective for financial periods beginning on or after January 1, 2020 onwards.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis except as disclosed in the significant accounting policies.

2.2 These consolidated financial statements have been prepared by included the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") and have been prepared under the same basis as the consolidated financial statements as follows:

Company Name		tage of olding	Country of Incorporation	Type of Business		
	As at	As at				
	October 31,	October 31,				
	2023	2022				
	%	%				
Subsidiaries in which the Company holds shares directly						
New Krung Thai Sugar Factory Company Limited	95.78	95.78	Thailand	Manufacture and distribution of sugar and molasses		
Tamaka Sugar Industry Company Limited	90.21	90.21	Thailand	Manufacture and distribution of sugar and molasses		
New Kwang Soon Lee Sugar Factory Company Limited	99.21	99.21	Thailand	Manufacture and distribution of sugar and molasses		
KSL Material Supplies Co., Ltd.	100.00	100.00	Thailand	Manufacture and distribution of fertilizer and trading supply of agricultural		
Khon Kaen Sugar Power Plant Company Limited	100.00	100.00	Thailand	Production and distribution of electricity		
KSL. Agro & Trading Company Limited	100.00	100.00	Thailand	Domestic sugar trading, transportation and manufacture service and agricultural business operation		
WSP Logistic Company Limited	100.00	100.00	Thailand	Service transport and shipping goods		
KHUN CHUAN Company Limited	99.97	99.97	Thailand	Social enterprise		
Savannakhet Sugar Corporation	98.00	98.00	Laos	Agricultural operations, manufacture and distribution of sugar and molasses		
Koh Kong Sugar Industry Co., Ltd.****	100.00	100.00	Cambodia	Manufacture and distribution of sugar and molasses		
Wynn In Trading Co., Ltd.	100.00	100.00	Mauritius	Trading and consultancy services		
Subsidiaries in which the Company holds shares indirectly						
K.S.L. Export Trading Co., Ltd.*	79.55	79.55	Thailand	Export sugar as exporting agent		
KSL Real Estate Company Limited**	91.02	91.02	Thailand	Housing and land for agriculture estate including holiday resort for recreation and seminar center and office building for rental		
Subsidiary in which the Company holds the shares indirectly						
through Wynn In Trading Co., Ltd. and KSL. Agro & Tradin						
Koh Kong Plantation Company Limited****	100.00	100.00	Cambodia	Agricultural operation		

^{*} The Company indirectly holds the shares through New Krung Thai Sugar Factory Company Limited, Tamaka Sugar Industry Company Limited and New Kwang Soon Lee Sugar Factory Company Limited.

^{**} The Company indirectly holds the shares through Tamaka Sugar Industry Company Limited.

^{***} In 2022, KSL. Agro and Trading Co., Ltd. acquired shares in Koh Kong Plantation Company Limited in the proportion of 20%

^{****} The subsidiaries in Cambodia had continued their operating losses. The management of the Group therefore has a plan to cease their operations to internally restructure the subsidiaries. The subsidiaries' assets and liabilities were appropriately remeasured and reclassified in the consolidated financial statements.

The accounting period of subsidiaries ended the same date as the Company (accounting period ended on October 31) except WSP Logistic Company Limited and KHUN CHUAN Company Limited whose accounting period ended December 31.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared based on the same accounting policies for the same accounting items or similar accounting events and the same financial reporting period.

Significant balances and transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries including investments in subsidiaries and subsidiaries' share capital were eliminated from the consolidated financial statements.

2.3 Thai Financial Reporting Standards affecting the presentation and disclosure in the current period's financial statements

During the year, the Group has adopted the revised financial reporting standards and the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting issued by the Federation of Accounting Professions which are effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2022. These financial reporting standards were aimed at alignment with the corresponding International Financial Reporting Standards, with most of the changes directed towards revisions to references to the Conceptual Framework in TFRSs, the amendment for definition of business, the amendment for definition of materiality and accounting requirements for interest rate reform. The adoption of these financial reporting standards does not have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2.4 Thai Financial Reporting Standards announced in the Royal Gazette but not yet effective

On September 26, 2022, the revised TFRSs have been announced in the Royal Gazette which will be effective for the financial statements for the period beginning on or after January 1, 2023 onwards. TFRSs which have been amended and relevant to the Group are as follows:

Thai Accounting Standard No. 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment" (TAS 16)

The amendments require an entity recognises any proceeds from selling items produced before that asset is available for use in profit or loss, instead of deducting from the cost of such asset. The amendments are applied retrospectively, but only to items of property, plant and equipment that are brought to the location and condition necessary for them to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management on or after the beginning of the earliest period presented in the financial statements in which the entity first applies the amendments. The entity shall recognize the cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings (or other component of equity, as appropriate) at the beginning of that earliest period presented.

Thai Accounting Standard No. 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets" (TAS 37)

The amendments specify that the "cost of fulfilling a contract" comprises the "costs that relate directly to the contract". Costs that relate directly to a contract consist of both the incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (examples would be direct labor or materials) and an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts (an example would be the allocation of the depreciation charge for an item of property, plant and equipment used in fulfilling the contract). The amendments apply to contracts for which the entity has not yet fulfilled all its obligations at the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies the amendments. Comparatives are not restated. Instead, the entity shall recognize the cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings or other component of equity, as appropriate.

Thai Accounting Standard No. 41 "Agriculture" (TAS 41)

The amendment removes the requirement in TAS 41 for entities to exclude cash flows for taxation when measuring fair value. This aligns the fair value measurement with the requirements of TFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement" to use internally consistent cash flows and discount rates and enables entities to determine whether to use pre-tax or post-tax cash flows and discount rates for the most appropriate fair value measurement. The amendment is applied prospectively.

Thai Financial Reporting Standard No. 3 "Business Combinations" (TFRS 3)

The amendments update TFRS 3 so that it refers to the Conceptual Framework which is currently effective. In addition, they also add to TFRS 3 a requirement that, for obligations within the scope of TAS 37, an acquirer applies TAS 37 to determine whether at the acquisition date a present obligation exists as a result of past events. For a levy that would be within the scope of TFRIC 21 "Levies", the acquirer applies TFRIC 21 to determine whether the obligating event that gives rise to a liability to pay the levy has occurred by the acquisition date. The amendments also add an explicit statement that an acquirer does not recognize contingent assets acquired in a business combination.

Thai Financial Reporting Standard No. 9 "Financial Instruments" (TFRS 9)

The amendment clarifies that in applying the "10 per cent" test to assess whether to derecognize a financial liability, an entity includes only fees paid or received between the entity (the borrower) and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the entity or the lender on the other's behalf. The amendment is applied prospectively to modifications and exchanges that occur on or after the date the entity first applies the amendment.

Thai Financial Reporting Standard which will be effective for the financial statements for the period beginning on or after January 1, 2024, onwards

On August 8, 2023, the revised TFRSs have been announced in the Royal Gazette which mostly are the amendments of wordings and the references of Thai Financial Reporting Standard No.17 "Insurance Contracts". TFRSs which have been amended and are relevant to the Group are as follows:

Thai Accounting Standard No.1 "Presentation of Financial Statements"

The amendments change the requirements regarding the disclosure of accounting policies from "significant accounting policies" to "material accounting policy information". Accounting policy information is material if, when considered together with other information included in an entity's financial statements, it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general-purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements.

<u>Thai Accounting Standard No.8</u> "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors"

The amendments change the definition of accounting estimates to be "monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty", to help an entity to be able to segregate the difference of "change in accounting estimates" from "change in accounting policies".

Thai Accounting Standard No.12 "Income Taxes"

The amendments add the requirements for the initial recognition of deferred tax, which give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences such as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities and decommissioning obligation. The amendments apply to transactions that occur on or after the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented. In addition, at the beginning of the earliest comparative period an entity recognizes a deferred tax asset, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized, and a deferred tax liability for all deductible and taxable temporary differences associated with such transactions. The cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings (or other component of equity, as appropriate).

The Group's management will adopt such TFRSs in the preparation of the Group's financial statements when it becomes effective. The Group's management has assessed the impact of these TFRSs and considered that the adoption of these financial reporting standards does not have any significant impact on the financial statements of the Group in the period of initial application.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash, savings account deposits, current account deposits and not exceeding 3 months fixed deposits, and short-term investments which are not exceeding 3 months duration for repayment with no obligation commitment.

3.2 Trade receivables, farmer receivables, and other receivables

Trade receivables, farmer receivables, and other receivables are presented at the net realizable value which are net of allowance for expected credit losses (see Note 3.12).

3.3 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value and adjusted by allowance for deteriorated or obsolete inventories and for diminution in value of inventories.

Cost is calculated as follows:

- Goods in process and finished goods of sugar and molasses are calculated by the average production cost in each production year using the first-in, first-out method.
- Finished goods of organic fertilizer are calculated by actual cost using the first-in, first-out method.
- Goods in process of organic fertilizer are calculated by actual cost using the specific identification method.
- Real estate development is calculated by using the specific identification method which consist of land cost, fulling cost, construction cost, utility system development cost and direct cost to acquire the products and set them to be ready for sale.
- Factory supplies are calculated using the weighted average method.
- Bagasse, direct raw materials and trading merchandise are calculated using the first-in, first-out method.
- Machine maintenance supplies are calculated using the weighted average method.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs to complete and to make the sale

The common production costs incurred in the production process are not allocated to bagasse and other by-products from productions of sugar; therefore, revenues from sales of such products are presented as deduction to production costs in each production season.

3.4 Biological assets

The Company's and its subsidiaries' biological asset is sugar cane and their agricultural produce in harvested cane, which are measured at their fair value less costs to sell at the point of harvest.

The fair value of domestic biological assets and agricultural produce is determined based on reference to the Office of Cane and Sugar Board's cane price and of oversea harvested cane is determined using the price that market participants entered into transactions at that market.

Gains or losses on changes in fair value of biological asset and agricultural produce are recognized in profit or loss for the period when incurred.

In case the fair value cannot be reliably measured, the biological asset shall be measured at its cost less any accumulated depreciation and allowance of impairment (if any). Once the fair value of such a biological asset becomes reliably measurable, biological asset shall be measured at its fair value less costs to sell.

3.5 Investments in subsidiaries and associates

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are presented at the cost method net by the allowance for impairment in the separate financial statements. Investments in associates are presented at the equity method in the consolidated financial statements. In case the allowance for impairment is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

3.6 Investment property

Investment property consist of land, land improvement and building and warehouse leased out that are held for rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and are not occupied by the companies in the Group.

Investment property is carried at fair value. Fair value is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. If this information is not available, the Group uses alternative valuation methods, such as recent prices on less active markets, replacement value or discounted cash flow projections will be used. Valuation is performed as of the financial position date by independent professional valuers.

Changes in fair values are recognized in profit or loss. Investment properties are derecognized either when they have been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal.

3.7 Property, plant and equipment

Land is stated at the revalued amount less allowance for impairment (if any). The revalued amount is the fair value determined on the basis of the property's existing use at the date of revaluation. Plant and equipment and bearer plant are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and the allowance for impairment.

Revaluation is performed by independent professional appraisers, which the Group has the policy that the independent professional appraisers will be requested to perform the appraisal for the said assets at sufficient regularity to ensure that the carrying value of these assets does not materially differ from their fair values, as at the statement of financial position date. Increase in appraisal value will be recognized in the shareholders' equity under "gain on asset revaluation" and decrease below cost will be recognized as loss from decrease in revaluation of assets in the statement of profit or loss.

Depreciation of the plant and equipment and bearer plant are calculated from the cost using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives, (except for machineries of the Company and subsidiaries which are in the sugar and molasses manufacture and distribution business) as follows:

Land improvement 5 - 60	years
Buildings and construction 3 - 76	years
Machineries and equipment 2 - 50	years
Motor vehicles and labor saving tools 3 - 28	years
Furniture and office equipment 3 - 32	years
Bearer plant 2	years

Machineries of the Company and its subsidiaries which are in the sugar and molasses manufacture and distribution business are depreciated based on the machinery production hours, which is equivalent to approximately 5 - 50 production seasons. The production capacity of machines is estimated by the engineers of the Group.

Depreciation calculated is included in the calculation of the operating result and no depreciation is calculated for the land and construction in progress.

Borrowing costs incurred from the loans obtained especially for the construction in progress project and during installation of equipment are included in the cost of the said construction in progress until it is ready for its intended usage (if any).

3.8 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are computer software and land concession which are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and the allowance for impairment (if any).

Amortization of computer software is calculated by the straight-line method over estimated useful lives between 3 - 10 years.

Amortization of land concession is calculated by the straight-line method within 50 - 60 years.

Impairment losses are recognized as other expense in the statement of income when incurred.

3.9 Impairment of assets

Impairment of assets is assessed at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount will be estimated. When the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is written down to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in the statements of profit or loss.

Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount is the higher amount which is either the asset's fair value less cost to sell or its value in use. The Company determines the value by estimating the present value of future cash flows generated by the asset, discounted using discount rate which reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the asset. In determining the fair value less costs to sell, an appropriate valuation model is used. The calculation reflects the amount that the Company could obtain from the disposal of the asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties, after deducting the costs of disposal.

Reversals of impairment

Impairment losses recognized in prior periods in respect of other non-financial assets are assessed at each reporting date for any indications of impairment the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, as if no impairment loss had been recognized.

3.10 Provisions

The Company and its subsidiaries will record provisions when it is highly certain that obligations will occur at present legally or reliable estimate as a result of past events. These obligations are expected to cause an outflow of resources embodying economics benefits resulting to settle such obligations and these amounts to be paid can be estimated reliably. If there is expectation to recover payment toward estimated liabilities certainly by all or part, the returned payment will be recognized as separate asset but its amount must not be more than related estimated liabilities and the expense related to liability estimates is shown in the statement of profit or loss at amount net by recognized amount of expenses to be recovered.

3.11 Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Salaries, wages, bonuses and contributions to the social security fund are recognized as expenses when incurred.

Post-employment benefits and other long-term employee benefits

Defined contribution plans

The Group and its employees have jointly established a provident fund. The fund is monthly contributed by employees and by the Group. The fund's assets are held in a separate trust fund and the contributions of the Group is recognized as expenses when incurred.

Defined benefit plans and other long-term employee benefits

The Group has obligations in respect of the severance payments to its employees upon retirement under labor law and other employee benefit plan. The Group treats these severance payment obligations as a defined benefit plan.

The Group has calculated the obligation under the defined benefit plans and other long-term employee benefit plan by a professionally qualified independent actuary based on actuarial techniques, using the projected unit credit method.

Plan assets are assets held by a long-term employee benefit fund. They are not available to the Group's creditors and cannot be returned to the Group, except the portion which reference to the provident fund's rules. The Group measures the fair value of plan assets by using market price.

Defined benefit asset or liability is the present value of the defined benefit obligation less the fair value of plan assets which is available to pay the employee benefits obligation directly.

Actuarial gains or losses arising from defined benefit plans are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income.

Actuarial gains or losses arising from other long-term benefit are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Past service costs are recognized in profit or loss on the earlier of the date of the plan amendment or curtailment or the date that the Group recognizes restructuring-related cost.

3.12 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party under the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets

Classification and measurement of financial assets

All recognized financial assets are measured subsequently at either amortized cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"). The Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flows characteristics of the financial assets as follows:

(1) Amortized cost and effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a debt instrument and allocating interest income over the relevant period.

Interest income is recognized in profit or loss and included in the "Finance income" line item.

(2) Equity instruments designated as at FVTOCI

Upon initial recognition, the Group can elect to irrevocably classify its equity investments which are not held for trading as equity instruments designated at FVTOCI. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Gains or losses recognized in other comprehensive income on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss.

The equity instrument designated at FVTOCI are not subject to impairment assessment.

(3) Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortized cost or FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL:

- Investments in equity instruments are classified as at FVTPL (that is neither held for trading).
- Debt instruments that do not meet the amortized cost criteria or the FVTOCI criteria are classified as at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognized in profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on investments in debt instruments that are measured at amortized cost or at FVTOCI and trade receivables. The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting period date to reflect changes in credit risk since the initial recognition of the respective financial instrument.

The Group always recognizes lifetime ECL for trade receivables. The expected credit losses on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date, including time value of money where appropriate.

(1) Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g. when the debtor has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade receivables, when the amounts are over two years past due, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognized in profit or loss.

(2) Measurement and recognition of expected credit losses

The measurement of expected credit losses is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information. The exposure at default, for financial assets is represented by the asset's gross carrying amount as at the reporting date. The Group tries to understand of the specific future financing needs of the debtors, and other relevant forward-looking information.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognizes its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognize the financial asset and also recognizes a collateralized borrowing for the proceeds received.

On the date of derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortized cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities

The Group's financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value net of transaction costs and classified as financial liabilities to be subsequently measured at amortized cost by effective interest method, except for derivative liabilities as described in Note 35 "Financial Instrument". In determining amortized costs, the Group takes into account any related fees or costs that are integral part of the effective interest rate (EIR). The EIR amortization is included in finance cost in profit or loss.

Derivative financial instruments

The Group enters into derivative financial instruments which are recognized initially at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to fair value at each reporting date. The resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument in the event that the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

A derivative with a positive fair value is recognized as a financial asset whereas a derivative with a negative fair value is recognized as a financial liability. Derivatives are not offset in the financial statements unless the Group has both legal right and intention to offset. A derivative is presented as a non-current asset or non-current liability if the remaining maturity of the instrument is more than 12 months, and it is not expected to be realized or settled within 12 months. Other derivatives are presented as other current financial assets or other current financial liabilities.

Hedge accounting

The Group designates certain derivatives as hedging instruments in related respect of foreign currency risk and interest rate risk including sugar price risk (commodity) through the main financial derivatives, namely forward exchange contracts, cross currency and interest rate swap contracts, sugar futures contract and sugar future option contract.

Fair value hedges

The fair value change on qualifying hedging instruments is recognized in profit or loss except when the hedging instrument hedges an equity instrument designated at FVTOCI in which case it is recognized in other comprehensive income.

Cash flow hedges

At the beginning of the hedging relationship, the Group prepares documentation of hedging relationship between the hedging instrument and the hedged item, and the risk management objectives and strategies for hedging-related items. The Group has documentation that hedging instruments are effectiveness in offsetting changes in the fair value or cash flows of hedged items related to hedged risks. When the hedging relationship is met, the hedge effectiveness is met.

The Group recognizes any gain or loss on the hedge instrument that is effectiveness for cash flow hedges in other comprehensive income. They are transferred to profit or loss when the hedged cash flows affect profit or loss or when they are no longer expected to occur. However, the accumulated under the heading of cash flow hedging reserve, limited to the cumulative change in fair value of the hedged item from inception of the hedge. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognized immediately in profit or loss, and is included in the "other gains and losses" line item.

3.13 Share premium account on ordinary shares

Share premium account on ordinary shares is stated in accordance with Section 51 of the Public Limited Company Act B.E. 2535. In the event the Company offers the ordinary shares for sale at the price exceeding the registered share price, the Company shall appropriate this surplus as reserve ("Share premium account on ordinary shares"). This share premium account on ordinary shares cannot be paid out as dividend.

3.14 Other components of shareholders' equity

- 3.14.1 Losses on internal restructure of entities under common control is the difference between net carrying value of investment received and acquisition cost of investment occurred from internal restructure of entities under common control. This investment was a merger of entities with the same former shareholders and management and the said difference is shown as a separate item in the statement of financial position under shareholders' equity and will be written off when the investment is disposed.
- 3.14.2 Losses on change in shareholding ratio in subsidiaries is the difference between the investment for changed proportion in subsidiaries and book value of the subsidiaries resulted from change in proportion of investment in such subsidiaries. This difference is shown as a separate item in the statement of financial position under the shareholders' equity and will be written off when the investment is disposed.

3.15 Non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interests mean the book value of the net assets of the subsidiaries in according to the shareholding ratio of the non-controlling interests or the participating portion which does not belong to the shareholders of the parent. The non-controlling interests are presented in a separate caption under the shareholders' equity in the consolidated statement of financial position and net profit (loss) of the non-controlling interests for the year are presented in a separate caption of the consolidated statement of income.

3.16 Revenue recognition

The recognized revenue excludes value-added taxes and other sales taxes. Revenue is presented net off discounts. The policies are as follows:

3.16.1 Revenue from sale of goods

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized at the point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer, generally on delivery of the goods. Revenue is measured at the amount of the consideration received or receivable, excluding value-added tax, of goods supplied after deducting returns, discounts, allowances and payment with traditional business practice to customers.

3.16.2 Rental income and its related services from an investment property

Rental income and its related services from an investment property are recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Contingent rentals are recognized as income in the accounting period in which they are occurred. The related service income is recognized over the term of the lease.

3.16.3 Revenue from rendering of services

Revenue from rendering of services is recognized overtime when service have been rendered.

- 3.16.4 Revenues from sale of land are recognized when the land ownership has already been transferred to the purchaser.
- 3.16.5 Interest income and discount receivable from discounting notes receivable are recognized according to the related period.
- 3.16.6 Dividend income is recognized when entitled to receive such dividend.
- 3.16.7 Other incomes are recognized on an accrual basis.

3.17 Expense recognition

Other expenses are recognized on an accrual basis.

3.18 Finance costs

Finance costs comprise interest expense on borrowings and contingent consideration.

Borrowing costs that are not directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income using the effective interest method.

3.19 Leases

The Group as lessee

The Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease, at inception of the contract. The Group recognizes a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability with respect to all lease arrangements in which it is the lease, except for short-term leases (defined as leases with a lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased assets are consumed.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted by using the rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise:

- Fixed lease payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- Variable lease payments that depend on an index or rate, initially measured using the index or rate at the commencement date;
- The amount expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees;
- The exercise price of purchase options, if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise the options; and
- Payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the exercise of an option to terminate the lease.

The lease liability is presented in a separate line in the consolidated and separate statements of financial position.

The lease liability is subsequently measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability (using the effective interest method) and by reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

The Group remeasures the lease liability (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use asset) whenever:

- The lease term has changed or there is a significant event or change in circumstances resulting in a change in the assessment of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate;
- The lease payments change due to changes in an index or rate or a change in expected payment under a guaranteed residual value, in which cases the lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using an unchanged discount rate (unless the lease payments change is due to a change in a floating interest rate, in which case a revised discount rate is used); or
- A lease contract is modified and the lease modification is not accounted for as a separate lease, in which case the lease liability is remeasured based on the lease term of the modified lease by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

The Group did not make any such adjustments during the year presented.

The right-of-use assets comprise the initial measurement of the corresponding lease liability, lease payments made at or before the commencement day, less any lease incentives received and any initial direct costs. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Whenever the Group incurs an obligation for costs of dismantling and removing a leased asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, a provision is recognized and measured under TAS 37. To the extent that the costs relate to a right-of-use asset, the costs are included in the related right-of-use asset, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the shorter period of lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. If a lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group expects to exercise a purchase option, the related right-of-use assets is depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset. The depreciation starts at the commencement date of the lease.

The right-of-use assets are presented in a separate line in the consolidated and separate statements of financial position.

The Group applies TAS 36 to determine whether a right-of-use asset is impaired and accounts for any identified impairment loss as described in the "Property, Plant and Equipment" policy.

Variable rents that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement the lease liability and the right-of-use asset. The related payments are recognized as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers those payments occurs and are included in the line "Other expenses" in profit or loss.

As a practical expedient, TFRS 16 permits a lessee not to separate non-lease components, and instead account for any lease and associated non-lease components as a single arrangement. The Group does not used this practical expedient.

3.20 Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Baht at the exchange rates ruling on the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies outstanding at the statement of financial position date are translated into Baht at the exchange rates ruling on that date. Exchange gains or losses either realized or unrealized are included as incomes or expenses in the statement of profit or loss for the year.

The financial statements of overseas subsidiaries are translated to Thai Baht in preparation of the consolidated financial statements as follows:

- a. Assets and liabilities are translated to Thai Baht at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the statement of financial position date.
- b. Shareholders' equity is translated to Thai Baht at the foreign exchange rates on the transaction date.
- c. Revenues and expenses are translated to Thai Baht at average foreign exchange rates for the year.

Gain (loss) on translation of the financial statements prepared in foreign currencies are presented as other components of equity under shareholders' equity.

3.21 Related parties

Related parties with the Company and its subsidiaries represent individuals or enterprises which have the controlling power over the Company and its subsidiaries or are controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries either directly or indirectly, or under the common control with the Company and its subsidiaries. Furthermore, the related parties also represent the associates and the parties who hold the shares with voting rights, either directly or indirectly, and have significant influence to the Company, important managers, directors or employees of the Company and its subsidiaries who have power to plan and control the operations of the Company and its subsidiaries, including the close family members who can persuade or have power to persuade to act in compliance with said persons and businesses that said persons who have control power or significant influence, either directly or indirectly.

3.22 Income tax expenses

Income tax expense represent the sum of the current tax and deferred tax.

3.22.1 Current tax

Tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of profit or loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The current tax liability is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date.

3.22.2 Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit (tax base). The Company and its subsidiaries recognize deferred tax liabilities for all temporary differences, and recognize deferred tax assets for temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those temporary differences can be utilized. The carrying amounts of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each statement of financial position date. Deferred tax assets shall be reduced to the extent that utilized taxable profits decreased. Any such reduction shall be reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that the Company and its subsidiaries have sufficient taxable profit to allow total or part of the asset to be recovered.

The Company and its subsidiaries measure deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

In the consolidated financial statements, deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are recognized by each company in the Group, and deferred tax asset of one company in the Group is offset against deferred tax liability of another company in the Group if, and only if, the companies concerned have a legally enforceable right to make or receive a single net payment and the companies intend to make or receive such a net payment or to recover the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3.23 Basic earnings (loss) per share

The calculations of basic earnings (loss) per share were based on the profit (loss) for the year attributable to equity holders divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares held by outsiders outstanding during the year. The calculations of diluted earnings (loss) per share (if any) were based on the weighted average number of ordinary shares on the assumption that all dilutive potential ordinary shares have been converted to ordinary shares.

3.24 Sectorial business operations

Sectorial business operations are disclosed under the separate business segments of the Group. By the business segment that sources products or provides services which have different risks and return from the risks and return of the products or services provided by other business segments.

3.25 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company and its subsidiaries take into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis.

In addition, fair value measurements are categorized into Level 1, 2 and 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirely, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, which are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

4. USE OF MANAGEMENT JUDGEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of consolidated and separate financial statements in conformity with Thai Financial Reporting Standards also requires the Company's and its subsidiaries' management to exercise judgements in order to determine the accounting policies, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the statements of financial position and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Although, these estimates are based on management's reasonable consideration of current events, actual results may differ from these estimates.

The significant accounting estimate which requires the Company's and its subsidiaries' management to exercise the significant judgements.

- Allowance for expected credit losses of farmer receivables and loans for cane plantation development

In determining allowance for expected credit losses of farmer receivables and loans for cane plantation development, the management needs to use judgement and estimates based upon, among other things, past collection history, the aging profile of outstanding debts and forecasts of economic condition for groupings of various farmer segments with similar credit risks. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecasts of economic conditions used by the Group may not reflect whether a farmer will actually default in the future.

- Allowance for impairment of investments in associates

The carrying amounts of the investments in associates are reviewed for impairment at the end of each reporting period. The Company recognize impairment loss when the recoverable amount of an asset is lower than its carrying amount. The recoverable amount is the higher amount which is either the asset's fair value less cost to sell or its value in use. The Company determine the value in use by estimating the present value of the future cash flows generated by the asset, discounted using the discount rate which reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs to sell, an appropriate valuation model is used. Details of the impairment loss calculation are set out in Note 13.

- Estimated allowance for impairment of investments in foreign subsidiaries and allowance for impairment of buildings and machinery of foreign subsidiaries

In the event that subsidiaries in a foreign country continue to operate the business, the Company considers the allowance for impairment from the value in use. It uses management's judgement about the underlying assumptions in projecting expected future cash flows which is the market condition of the business and other relevant factors according to the strategy or business plan which are disclosed in Notes 3.5 and 3.9. In the event that the subsidiary is in the process of suspending operations, the Company's management consider as indicators of impairment on investments in the subsidiaries in foreign countries in the separate financial statements and of building and machinery of those subsidiaries in foreign countries in the consolidated financial statements. The Company estimates recoverable amount of its investment in subsidiaries and of building and machinery of such subsidiaries for consideration of their losses on impairment, the amount to be recovered of the higher of the asset's value in use as described above and fair value less costs to sell.

However, fair values of assets are estimated by an independent appraiser who has been approved by the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission (Thailand) and the costs to sell those assets are estimated by the Company's management.

- Fair value of investment property and lands

The Group's investment property and lands are measured at fair value for financial reporting purposes. Fair values are estimated by an independent appraiser who has been approved by the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission (Thailand).

Information about valuation techniques and inputs used in determining the fair value of investment property and lands are disclosed in Notes 17 and 18.

- Unrecognized deferred tax assets

The Group recognizes deferred tax assets for temporary difference arising between the tax bases of assets or liabilities and their carrying amounts at the statement of financial position date. Management judgement is used in assessing the Group's ability to generate its future profit. The Group recognizes deferred tax assets at the end of reporting period only for amount being utilized considering that it is highly probable that the sufficient future taxable profit will be generated to utilize such amount (see Note 26).

5. ADDITIONAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

5.1 Significant non-cash items in the consolidated and separate financial statements for the years ended October 31, are as follows:

			Unit : Thousand Baht Separate Financial Statements		
Type of Transactions	Consol	idated			
	Financial S	tatements			
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Purchases of property, plant and equipment which have					
not yet been paid	168,105	37,241	2,444	10,458	
Transfer of property, plant and equipment to investment					
property	2,707	64,390	2,707	64,390	
Transfer of property, plant and equipment to intangible					
assets	1,341	-	753	-	
Transfer other current assets to other non-current assets	31,990	24,805	8,572	-	
Transfer of short-term loans and accrued interest income					
to advance payment for shares	-	-	-	936,572	

5.2 Changing in liabilities arising from financing activities for the years ended October 31, are as follows:

2023

	Cons Balance as at November 1, 2022	olidated Finan Financing cash flows		busand Baht ints Balance as at October 31, 2023
Short-term borrowings from financial institutions	4,731,071	(645,071)	-	4,086,000
Short-term borrowings	8,100	6,000	-	14,100
Long-term debentures	2,648,672	-	229	2,648,901
Long-term borrowings	9,294,404	(1,535,000)	(132,330)	7,627,074
Lease liabilities	34,436	(16,656)	24,474	42,254
Total	16,716,683	(2,190,727)	(107,627)	14,418,329

			Unit: The	ousand Baht	
	Separate Financial Statements				
	Balance	Financing	Non-cash	Balance	
	as at	cash flows	changes	as at	
	November 1,			October 31,	
	2022			2023	
Short-term borrowings from financial institutions	2,550,000	62,000	-	2,612,000	
Short-term borrowings	1,056,100	375,000	-	1,431,100	
Long-term debentures	2,648,672	-	229	2,648,901	
Long-term borrowings	8,294,404	(1,285,000)	(132,330)	6,877,074	
Lease liabilities	270,508	(63,681)	28,580	235,407	
Total	14.819.684	(911.681)	(103.521)	13.804.482	

2022

			Unit: Th	ousand Baht	
	Cons	Consolidated Financial Statements			
	Balance as at November 1, 2021	Financing cash flows	Non-cash changes	Balance as at October 31, 2022	
Short-term borrowings from financial institutions	5,981,934	(1,251,704)	841	4,731,071	
Short-term borrowings	7,100	1,000	-	8,100	
Long-term debentures	5,647,601	(3,000,000)	1,071	2,648,672	
Long-term borrowings	6,906,448	2,196,620	191,336	9,294,404	
Lease liabilities	28,565	(15,168)	21,039	34,436	
Total	18,571,648	(2,069,252)	214,287	16,716,683	

Unit : Thousand Baht

	Separate Financial Statements				
	Balance	Financing	Non-cash	Balance	
	as at	cash flows	changes	as at	
	November 1,			October 31,	
	2021			2022	
Short-term borrowings from financial institutions	3,755,159	(1,206,000)	841	2,550,000	
Short-term borrowings	409,100	647,000	-	1,056,100	
Long-term debentures	5,647,601	(3,000,000)	1,071	2,648,672	
Long-term borrowings	6,535,068	1,568,000	191,336	8,294,404	
Lease liabilities	306,153	(63,151)	27,506	270,508	
Total	16,653,081	(2,054,151)	220,754	14,819,684	

5.3 Cash and cash equivalents as at October 31, are as follows:

Type of Transactions	nsactions Consolidated Financial Statements		Unit : Thou Separ Financial St	rate
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Cash	936	941	123	123
Deposits at banks - Current accounts	106,520	172,003	16,503	55,374
Deposits at banks - Savings accounts	72,697	62,224	19,982	6,948
Deposits in transit	26,237	19,677		-
Total	206,390	254,845	36,608	62,445

6. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The Company and its subsidiaries had transactions incurred with related parties through common shareholdings or directorship. Significant balances and transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries with related parties could be summarized as follows:

6.1 Significant balances with related parties as at October 31, are as follows:

Type of Balances	Consolidated Financial Statements 2023 2022		Unit : Million Baht Separate Financial Statements 2023 2022		
Tools and other comment associately	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Trade and other current receivables			1 604 04	1.016.65	
Subsidiaries	-	-	1,684.94	1,016.65	
Associates	0.02	5.96	0.02	5.96	
Related parties	111.66	27.47	63.72	9.60	
Total	111.68	33.43	1,748.68	1,032.21	
Current portion of finance lease receivables (see Note 8)					
Related parties		380.57			
Chart tawn laws (as Nata 0)					
Short-term loans (see Note 9) Subsidiaries			1.052.93	102.22	
Subsidiaries		-	1,053.82	193.23	
Current portion of long-term loans (see Note 9) Subsidiaries	<u> </u>		533.00	632.00	
Long-term loans					
(Excluded current portion)					
Subsidiaries	_	-	1,684.00	1,950.00	
				,	
Other non-current assets					
Subsidiaries	-	-	3.27	3.27	
Related parties	0.02	0.02		<u> </u>	
Total	0.02	0.02	3.27	3.27	
Trade and other current payables					
Subsidiaries	-	-	18.09	75.82	
Associates	0.19	-	-	-	
Related parties	2.88	3.55	0.01	-	
Total	3.07	3.55	18.10	75.82	
Other accrued expenses (included in other payables)					
Subsidiaries	_	_	0.13	14.28	
Substanties			0.13	17.20	
Current portion of lease liabilities					
Subsidiaries	-	-	38.58	36.60	

		Unit: Million Baht				
Type of Balances	Consolidated		Separate			
	Financial S	Financial Statements		Financial Statements		
	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Short-term borrowings						
Subsidiaries	-	-	1,417.00	1,048.00		
Related parties	14.10	8.10	14.10	8.10		
Total	14.10	8.10	1,431.10	1,056.10		
Other current liabilities						
Subsidiaries	-	-	0.05	0.04		
Related parties	0.27		0.27			
Total	0.27		0.32	0.04		
Lease liabilities						
Subsidiaries	 :	-	181.06	219.64		
Other non-current liabilities						
			0.47	0.47		
Subsidiaries	- 1.02	- 1.04	0.47	0.47		
Related parties	1.03	1.04	1.03	1.04		
Total	1.03	1.04	1.50	1.51		

As at October 31, 2023 and 2022, short-term loans to subsidiaries represented promissory notes receivable on demand, carrying interest rates at 1.44% - 3.08% per annum and 1.30% per annum, respectively.

As at October 31, 2023 and 2022, long-term loans to subsidiaries represented loans with maturity date within 2024 - 2030 carrying the interest rates at 2.90% - 4.90% per annum and 2.28% - 3.90% per annum.

As at October 31, 2023 and 2022, short-term borrowings from subsidiaries and related parties represented promissory notes payable on demand, carrying the interest rates at 2.52% - 2.79% per annum and 1.33% - 1.35% per annum, respectively.

6.2 Significant transactions with related parties for the years ended October 31, are as follows:

Type of Transactions	Consolidated Financial Statements		Unit : Million Baht Separate	
· ·			Financial Statements	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Revenues from sales and rendering of services				
Subsidiaries	-	-	2,182.82	1,707.64
Related parties	1,437.62	1,466.55	678.60	715.50
Total	1,437.62	1,466.55	2,861.42	2,423.14
Cost of sales and rendering of services				
Subsidiaries	-	-	1,383.06	1,043.88
Related parties	29.65	47.90	-	-
Total	29.65	47.90	1,383.06	1,043.88
Interest income from finance leases				
Related parties		19.34		
Other incomes				
Subsidiaries	-	-	152.16	109.59
Associates	1.91	6.20	1.91	6.20
Related parties	5.84	7.54	4.18	5.08
Total	7.75	13.74	158.25	120.87

Type of Transactions	Consolidated		Unit : Million Ba Separate	
	Financial St	atements	Financial S	tatements
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Dividend incomes				
Subsidiaries	-	-	2.03	1,333.39
Associates	34.45	265.14	34.45	265.14
Total	34.45	265.14	36.48	1,598.53
Distribution costs				
Subsidiaries	-	-	27.85	6.98
Associates	1.08	6.09	0.54	2.25
Total	1.08	6.09	28.39	9.23
Administrative expenses				
Subsidiaries	-	-	5.31	0.39
Related parties	16.66	17.15	7.24	7.51
Related juristic person	10.91	23.65	9.89	21.60
Total	27.57	40.80	22.44	29.50
Financial costs				
Subsidiaries	-	-	44.31	27.62
Related parties	0.13	0.03	0.13	0.03
Related juristic person	0.11	0.04	0.11	0.04
Total	0.24	0.07	44.55	27.69
Management compensation				
Short-term employee benefits	80.60	83.09	34.99	35.52
Post-employment benefits	1.84	1.51	0.50	0.01
Total	82.44	84.60	35.49	35.53

POLICIES OF INTER-PRICE SETTING

- The inter-purchases/sales of raw sugar transactions among the Group are based on the sugar purchases/sales agreements.
- In case of the sugar purchases/sales agreements entered into on behalf of the Group, which each company has already been allocated the sales volume. If any company within the Group has no sufficient volume of sugar to sell, the purchases of sugar can be made within the group companies at the same price as stipulated in such sugar purchases/sales agreements.
- The prices for other inter-purchases/sales of goods (except for sugar products) are in accordance with the prices stipulated in the mutually agreed contracts, which are higher than costs.
- The prices for the inter-purchases/sales of assets are in accordance with the agreed prices by counter parties, which are higher than costs or on market price of each type assets.
- Revenues from sales of supplies are in accordance with the agreed prices by counter parties, which are higher than costs.
- Revenues from land leased to a subsidiary are charged according to the lease agreement which term is 30 years, commencing from January 25, 2005 until January 24, 2035 at annual rent of Baht 0.11 million, and will be increased by 10% for every 3 years. Once the lease is expired, ownership rights on all constructions built on the leased land will be vested to the lessor.

- Rental income from land, structure and machines which lease terms range from 1 to 3 years are in accordance with the mutually agreed prices.
- Inter-service income, other income and expenses are charged according to the normal price charged to general clients.
- Fees for goods custody are charged according to the volume of the goods and the custody period at general market rates.
- Expenses paid on behalf of each other are charged at actual.

6.3 Relationship of related parties other than subsidiaries and associates consisted of:

Company Names	Relationship	Connection
K.S.L. IT Center Co., Ltd.	Related party	Same group of shareholder and mutual directors
On Nuj Construction Co., Ltd.	Related party	Same group of shareholder and mutual directors
Raja Ceramics Co., Ltd.	Related party	Same group of shareholders
Thai Fermentation Industry Co., Ltd.	Related party	Same group of shareholders
PM T Precious Group Co., Ltd.	Related party	Common mutual directors
KSL Tower Juristic Person office	Related Juristic Person	Shared owner of office building
BBGI Bio Ethanol		
Public Company Limited	Related party	Common shareholder and mutual directors
BBGI Bio Ethanol		
(Chachoengsao) Co., Ltd.	Related party	Common mutual directors

All of the aforementioned related entities are incorporated in Thailand.

Prachuap Industry Co., Ltd. holds no part in management of the Company, but is a related party, where certain directors of Prachuap Industry Co., Ltd. are also directors of K.S.L. Export Trading Co., Ltd., which is subsidiary of Khon Kaen Sugar Industry Public Company Limited.

7. TRADE AND OTHER CURRENT RECEIVABLES

Trade and other current receivables as at October 31, consisted of:

			Unit: The	ousand Baht
	Consolidated		Separate	
	Financial S	Financial Statements Financial S		Statements
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Trade receivables	618,774	434,282	162,951	122,638
Current farmer receivables	385,613	341,536	336,858	288,555
Receivables from the Office of the Cane and Sugar Fund	49,084	26,591	-	-
Other receivables	95,261	92,145	680,498	30,729
Advance payment for shares (see Note 14)	-	-	950,007	938,113
Prepaid expenses	48,428	67,089	27,884	24,229
Advance payments	3,685	7,079	3,766	464
Accrued income	65,754	89,486	47,064	67,576
Total trade and other current receivables	1,266,599	1,058,208	2,209,028	1,472,304

7.1 Trade receivables as at October 31, consisted of:

			Unit : Tho	usand Baht	
	Consoli	idated	Separate		
	Financial Statements Financial Stat		Statements		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Related parties	111,445	27,250	103,510	29,171	
Others	507,329	407,032	59,441	93,467	
Total trade receivables	618,774	434,282	162,951	122,638	

Aging analysis for trade receivables as at October 31, are as follows:

7.1.1 Trade receivables - related parties

			Unit : Tho	usand Baht	
	Consolidated		Separate		
	Financial Statements		Financial Statements Financial S		statements
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Domestic trade receivables					
Not yet due	111,161	25,794	97,505	22,916	
Overdue not over 3 months	284	1,456	6,005	6,255	
Total trade receivables - related parties	111,445	27,250	103,510	29,171	

The normal credit terms granted to the related parties of the Company and subsidiaries range from 7 days to 30 days.

7.1.2 Trade receivables - others

			Unit: Thousand Baht		
	Consolidated		Separate		
	Financial S	tatements	Financial S	tatements	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Manufacturing and distribution of sugar					
and molasses business					
Domestic trade receivables					
Not yet due	174,296	127,011	53,079	51,208	
Overdue not over 3 months	24,929	30,719	4,624	15,658	
Total	199,225	157,730	57,703	66,866	
Foreign trade receivables					
Not yet due	45,743	32,673	1,609	15,349	
Overdue not over 3 months	176	48,395	1,007	*	
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				11,252	
Total	45,919	81,068	1,738	26,601	
Total of business of manufacturing and					
distributing sugar and molasses	245,144	238,798	59,441	93,467	
Manufacture and distribution of					
electricity business					
Domestic trade receivables					
Not yet due	201,898	111,734	-	-	
Overdue not over 3 months	53,555	53,065	-	-	
Total of business of manufacturing and					
distributing of electricity	255,453	164,799		-	

	Consolidated Financial Statements		Unit : Thousand Ba Separate Financial Statements	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Other business				
Domestic trade receivables				
Not yet due	2,125	1,021	-	-
Overdue not over 3 months	2,265	872	-	-
Overdue over 3 months and				
not over 6 months	213	715	-	-
Overdue over 6 months and				
not over 12 months	2,129	827		_
Total other business	6,732	3,435		-
Total trade receivables - others	507,329	407,032	59,441	93,467

The normal credit terms granted by the customers of the Company and subsidiaries range from 7 days to 90 days.

7.2 Current farmer receivables as at October 31, consisted of:

			Unit : Th	ousand Baht
	Consol	Consolidated		rate
	Financial S	Statements	Financial Statements	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Cane receivables				
Season 2022/2023	5,400	-	4,656	-
Season 2021/2022	2,778	4,700	2,778	4,142
Season 2020/2021	10,795	15,167	10,795	14,174
Season 2019/2020	21,150	25,776	2,437	3,188
Season 2018/2019	31,018	38,932	7,064	7,947
Before Season 2018/2019	133,117	143,574	40,501	44,423
Total cane receivables (see Note 15)	204,258	228,149	68,231	73,874
Advance payments for purchases of cane				
Season 2024/2025	3,138	-	3,138	-
Season 2023/2024	382,475	-	333,720	-
Season 2022/2023	-	341,536	-	288,555
Total advance payments for purchases of cane	385,613	341,536	336,858	288,555
Receivables from fuel oil, fertilizer and other services				
(see Note 15)	15,116	16,971	13,834	15,581
Total	604,987	586,656	418,923	378,010
<u>Less</u> Allowance for expected credit loss	(150, 126)	(153,764)	(43,289)	(44,880)
Total farmer receivables	454,861	432,892	375,634	333,130
<u>Less</u> Non-current portion	(69,248)	(91,356)	(38,776)	(44,575)
Total current farmer receivables	385,613	341,536	336,858	288,555

Cane receivables are farmer receivables which had not yet delivered cane in according to contracts. Most of cane receivables are secured.

7.3 Receivables from the Office of the Cane and Sugar Fund as at October 31, consisted of:

	Consolidated Financial Statements		Unit : Thousand Ba Separate Financial Statements	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Receivables from compensation for sugar cane prices Receivables from compensation for production	34,366	-	-	-
and distribution of sugar	14,718	26,591		
Total current receivables from the Office of the Cane and Sugar Fund	49,084	26,591	-	-

As at October 31, 2023, receivables from the Office of the Cane and Sugar Fund were amounts that the subsidiaries will receive from the Cane and Sugar Fund. Since the 2021/2022 harvesting year (2022: the 2018/2019 and 2021/2022 harvesting years), the final sugar cane price and the final compensation for the production and distribution of sugar were less than the initial sugar cane price. In accordance with Section 56 of the Cane and Sugar Act B.E. 2527, the Cane and Sugar Fund is to pay compensation for the production and distribution of sugar to the Group at an amount equal to the difference, and the sugar cane planters do not have to return the excess amount of the sugar cane price received.

In June 2023 and December 2022, the Board of the Office of the Cane and Sugar Fund passed a resolution to approve the payment of the compensation for sugar cane prices and production and distribution for the 2018/2019 harvesting year to the subsidiaries in fully amount, by offsetting with the amount payable to the Office of the Cane and Sugar Fund with such the compensation.

8. FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLE

On November 1, 2019, a subsidiary entered into the financial lease agreement with the related party to lease the land, including structure, machines and other assets as stipulated in the agreement. The related party has an option to purchase these assets within 5 years after the agreement date.

On July 20, 2022, the related party has notified their intention to purchase and request the transfer of all assets within November 2022. All assets were transferred in November 2022. Finance lease current receivable is as follows:

	Conso	Thousand Baht lidated Statements
	2023	2022
Within 1 year	-	19,350
Over 1 year - 5 years	-	408,640
	-	427,990
<u>Less</u> Unearned interest income	-	(47,416)
	-	380,574
<u>Less</u> Current portion (see Note 6.1)	-	(380,574)
Total	-	-

9. SHORT-TERM LOANS

Short-term loans as at October 31, consisted of:

			Unit : Th	ousand Baht
	Consoli	Consolidated		rate
	Financial S	tatements	Financial Statements	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Short-term loans to subsidiaries and related parties				
(see Note 6.1)	-	-	1,053,824	193,233
Short-term loans to farmers	556,822	495,099	315,047	241,870
Current portion of long-term loans to subsidiaries (see Note 6.1)	-	-	533,000	632,000
Current portion of long-term loans to others (see Note 16)	13,275	14,600	12,275	13,600
Current portion of loans for cane plantation development				
(see Note 16)	102,472	114,150	35,234	37,000
Total short-term loans	672,569	623,849	1,949,380	1,117,703

As at October 31, 2023 and 2022, short-term loans to farmers in the consolidated financial statements of Baht 452.87 million and Baht 393.82 million, respectively, represent loans from discounted post-dated checks which the Company and its subsidiaries issued to the farmers on purchases of sugar cane, which the farmers discounted sale to the Company and its subsidiaries with interest rates based on average lending rates of commercial banks. For the remaining of Baht 103.95 million and Baht 101.28 million, respectively, represent cash advance to farmers to support their sugar cane plantation with certain terms and conditions and interest rates based on rates or commercial banks.

As at October 31, 2023 and 2022, short-term loans to farmers in the separate financial statements of Baht 315.05 million and Baht 241.87 million, respectively, represent loans from discounted post-dated checks which the Company and its subsidiaries issued to the farmers on purchases of sugar cane, which the farmers discounted sale to the Company and its subsidiaries with interest rates based on average lending rates of commercial banks.

10. INVENTORIES

Inventories as at October 31, consisted of:

	Consol	idated	Unit : Thousand Bal Separate		
	Financial S	Statements	Financial Statements		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Sugar and molasses	1,358,494	1,936,716	481,265	1,166,642	
Bio-fertilizer	8,018	5,586	-	-	
Bagasse	213,685	207,806	-	-	
Real estate development	62,712	119,750	-	-	
Factory supplies	104,526	107,578	47,584	37,670	
Machine maintenance supplies	389,941	386,933	107,145	109,807	
	2,137,376	2,764,369	635,994	1,314,119	
Less Allowance for deteriorated or obsolete inventories	(6,315)	(21,591)	(500)	(500)	
Allowance for diminution in value of inventories	-	(2,576)	-	-	
Total inventories	2,131,061	2,740,202	635,494	1,313,619	

Movements of allowance for deteriorated or obsolete inventories for the years ended October 31, are as follows:

	Consolio Financial St		Unit : The Separ Financial St	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Beginning balance	(21,591)	(22,876)	(500)	(1,243)
Add Reversal of cost of sales for the years	15,276	1,285		743
Ending balance	(6,315)	(21,591)	(500)	(500)

Movements of allowance for diminution in value of inventories for the years ended October 31, are as follows:

	Consolio Financial St		Unit : Th Sepa Financial S	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Beginning balance	(2,576)	(1,591)	-	-
Add Reversal (increase) of cost of sales for the years	2,576	(985)	-	
Ending balance		(2,576)	-	

11. CURRENT BIOLOGICAL ASSETS

Movements of current biological assets for the years ended October 31, are as follows:

	Consolic Financial St		Unit: Thousand Baht Separate Financial Statements		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Beginning book value	52,849	46,380	-	-	
Loss on arising from change in fair value	(11,922)	(7,230)	-	-	
Additional plantation costs during the years	57,358	58,458	-	-	
Decrease from harvesting during the years	(36,521)	(44,549)	-	-	
Decrease from sales during the year	(5,101)	(210)	-	-	
Ending book value	56,663	52,849	-		

The methods and assumptions used in estimating the fair value of biological asset have been determined based on fair value less costs to sell. The valuation involves certain assumptions and estimates such as the final cane price for the next production season, a sweetness level and quantity of sugar cane. The fair value is hierarchy level 3.

12. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

Other financial assets as at October 31, are as follows:

2023			Unit	: Thousand Baht
	Cons	olidated	Sepa	
	Financial	Statements	-	Statements
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Equity securities measured at fair value through other				
comprehensive income				
Available for sales marketable securities	-	173,181	-	173,181
Interest rate and cross currency swap contracts	167,492	-	167,492	-
Foreign currency forward exchange contracts	35,623	-	35,623	-
Equity securities measured at fair value through				
profit or loss				
General investments	-	30,992	-	23,022
Financial assets measured at amortized cost				
Bonds	-	6,824	-	-
Total other financial assets	203,115	210,997	203,115	196,203
2022				
			Unit	: Thousand Baht
	Cons	olidated	Sepa	ırate
	Financial	Statements	Financial S	Statements
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Equity securities measured at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Available for sales marketable securities	-	198,371	-	198,371
Interest rate and cross currency swap contracts	309,132	-	309,132	-
Sugar future contracts	345,963	_	345,963	_

	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Equity securities measured at fair value through other				
comprehensive income				
Available for sales marketable securities	-	198,371	-	198,371
Interest rate and cross currency swap contracts	309,132	-	309,132	-
Sugar future contracts	345,963	-	345,963	-
Equity securities measured at fair value through				
profit or loss				
General investments	-	23,492	-	23,022
Financial assets measured at amortized cost				
Time deposits with maturities of more than 3 months but				
not later than 12 months	267	-	-	-
Bonds	-	6,800	-	
Total other financial assets	655,362	228,663	655,095	221,393

13. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

Investments in associates as at October 31, consisted of:

Consolidated Financial Statements

a v	ъ.					2022				usand Baht
Company Name		l-up		ntage of		2023			2022	
	share	capital	sharel	olding	Invest	tment	Dividend	Inves	tment	Dividend
			%	%	Cost	Equity	for	Cost	Equity	for
	2023	2022	2023	2022	method	method	the year	method	method	the year
TSTE Public Company Limited										
(Formerly "Thai Sugar Terminal Public										
Company Limited")	191,664	191,664	23.82	23.82	90,267	583,746	12,782	90,267	605,635	18,260
T S G Trading Co., Ltd.*	-	50,000	-	4.11	-	-	-	2,061	2,061	-
T S Oil Industry Co., Ltd.*	-	300,000	-	0.62	-	-	-	1,855	1,485	370
T S Flour Mill Public Company Limited*	398,664	398,664	0.07	0.07	391	-	57	391	28	58
T S Warehouse Co., Ltd.*	-	12,500	-	4.02	-	-	-	509	317	-
T S Transport and Logistic Co., Ltd.*	-	400,000	-	10.12	-	-	-	40,508	40,508	-
BBGI Public Company Limited	3,615,000	3,615,000	29.88	29.88	3,529,058	3,844,363	21,606	3,529,058	4,153,010	246,446
Total					3,619,716	4,428,109	34,445	3,664,649	4,803,044	265,134
<u>Less</u> Allowance for impairment of investments						(196,037)				
Total investments in associates					3,619,716	4,232,072	34,445	3,664,649	4,803,044	265,134

Separate Financial Statements

							Unit: 11	iousand Bant
Company Name	Pai	Paid-up		age of	Inves	tment	Dividends	
	share	capital	shareho	olding	Cost method		For the years ended	
			%	%			Octob	er 31,
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
TSTE Public Company Limited								
(Formerly "Thai Sugar Terminal Public								
Company Limited")	-	191,664	-	23.82	-	90,267	12,782	18,260
T S G Trading Co., Ltd.*	-	50,000	-	4.11	-	2,061	-	-
T S Oil Industry Co., Ltd.*	-	300,000	-	0.62	-	1,855	-	370
T S Flour Mill Public Company Limited*	398,664	398,664	0.07	0.07	391	391	57	58
T S Warehouse Co., Ltd.*	-	12,500	-	4.02	-	509	-	-
T S Transport and Logistic Co., Ltd.*	-	400,000	-	10.12	-	40,508	-	-
BBGI Public Company Limited	3,615,000	3,615,000	29.88	29.88	3,529,058	3,529,058	21,606	246,446
Total					3,529,449	3,664,649	34,445	265,134

^{*} Considering as associate due to having significant influence to TSTE Public Company Limited (Formerly "Thai Sugar Terminal Public Company Limited"), which is the parent company of these associates.

Summarized financial position in respect of associates and performance for the years ended September 30, are as follows:

									Unit: M	Iillion Baht
	Percentage		Non-							
	of	Current	Current	Total	Current	Non-Current	Total	Total	Total	Profit
	Shareholding	Assets	Assets	Assets	Liabilities	Liabilities	Liabilities	Revenues	Expense	(loss)
	%									
2023										
TSTE Public Company Limited*										
(Formerly "Thai Sugar Terminal										
Public Company Limited")	23.82	1,771	4,212	5,983	1,605	603	2,208	2,784	2,646	138
BBGI Public Company Limited*	29.88	4,917	8,637	13,554	2,691	980	3,671	12,899	12,892	7
2022										
TSTE Public Company Limited*										
(Formerly "Thai Sugar Terminal										
Public Company Limited")	23.82	1,677	4,311	5,988	1,460	500	1,960	2,453	2,268	185
BBGI Public Company Limited*	29.88	5,940	9,698	15,638	2,146	2,521	4,667	14,147	13,939	208

^{*} The associates have accounting periods ended December 31.

On March 14, 2022, BBGI Public Company Limited ("BBGI") completed its Initial Public Offering ("IPO") by issuing 433.20 million new ordinary shares with an offering price of Baht 10.50 per share (par value of Baht 2.50 per share and share premium of Baht 8.00 per share) amounting to Baht 4,549 million. The associate registered the increase in paid-up capital with the Ministry of Commerce on March 15, 2022. The associate's shares has been trading on the Security Exchange of Thailand (SET) since March 17, 2022. As a result of IPO, the Company's ownership interest in the associate decreased from 40.00% to 28.02%. As a result, the Company recognized profit from the change of proportion as other income in the consolidated financial statements for the years ended October 31, 2022, amounting to Baht 58.13 million. In addition, in March 2022, the Company purchased additional ordinary shares of BBGI Public Company Limited which resulted in the Company's ownership interest being 29.88%.

On May 11, 2022, the Board of Directors Meeting No. 4/2022 of BBGI Public Company Limited passed a resolution to approve the dividends from unappropriated retained earnings at Baht 0.15 per share. The dividends will be paid to shareholders of Baht 64.82 million on June 9, 2022.

On August 9, 2022, the Board of Directors Meeting No. 6/2022 of BBGI Public Company Limited passed a resolution to approve the interim dividends from the Company's unappropriated retained earnings, six-month period ended June 30, 2022, at Baht 0.05 per share. The dividends will be paid to shareholders of Baht 21.61 million on September 7, 2022.

On April 5, 2023, the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders for the year 2023 of BBGI Public Company Limited passed a resolution to approve to pay dividends for the year 2022 at Baht 0.25 per share, which the company has paid interim dividends at Bath 0.20 per share. The final dividends payment of 2022 will be paid at Baht 0.05 per share to the shareholders who are entitled to receive dividends. The dividends will be paid to shareholders of Baht 21.61 million on May 3, 2023.

The Board of Directors' Meeting No. 1/2022-2023 of the Company held on December 23, 2022 had a resolution to approve the Company's shares in the subsidiaries of TSTE Public Company Limited (Formerly "Thai Sugar Terminal Public Company Limited"), consisted of T S G Trading Co., Ltd., T S Oil Industry Co., Ltd., T S Warehouse Co., Ltd. and T S Transport and Logistic Co., Ltd., as the associates, amounting to Baht 55.54 million, the Company sold shares to TSTE Public Company Limited (Formerly "Thai Sugar Terminal Public Company Limited") on December 29, 2022, and recognized gain from sale investments in other income in the consolidated financial statements of profit or loss amounting to Baht 11.17 million and in the separate financial statements of profit or loss amounting to Baht 10.61 million.

The Board of Executive Board meeting No. 9/2022-2023 of the Company held on July 21, 2023, passed the resolution to approve the sale of shares of TSTE Public Company Limited (Formerly "Thai Sugar Terminal Public Company Limited"), the associates, to KSL. Agro & Trading Company Limited, the subsidiary, total amounting Baht 876.49 million and recognized gain from sale investments in other income in the separate financial statements of profit or loss amounting to Baht 786.22 million and the share transfer was completed on August 17, 2023.

As at October 31, 2023, the Company made an assessment of the recoverable amount of investment in BBGI Public Company Limited, the associate, calculated based on the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value. The key assumptions used in the cash flow projections include the oil prices, production profile and discount rates. The key assumptions were estimated by the Management. The forecast oil price are based on the world market. Production profiles are based on a events that happened in the past including supply and demand of oil in the world market. The discount rate is rates of the relevant industries in which the Company operates is average rate at 8%. The Company's discount rate which applied in the calculation of recoverable amounts was fall within the industries' range.

The impairment test has been prepared by the management of the Company and found that investment in BBGI Public Company Limited, has the recoverable amount lower than its carrying amount. The Group, therefore, recognised impairment loss of investment in the associate in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended October 31, 2023 amounting to Baht 196.04 million.

14. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

Investments in subsidiaries as at October 31, consisted of:

Separate Financial Statements

							Unit:	Thousand Baht
Company Name	Pai	d-up	Percen	tage of	Invest	ment	Dividends	
	share	capital	shareh	olding	Cost m	ethod	For the years ended October 31,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
New Krung Thai Sugar Factory Company Limited	1,000,000	1,000,000	95.78	95.78	834,394	834,394	-	-
Tamaka Sugar Industry Company Limited	600,000	600,000	90.21	90.21	523,337	523,337	-	-
New Kwang Soon Lee Sugar Factory Company Limited	881,250	881,250	99.21	99.21	950,534	950,534	-	-
K.S.L. Real Estate Company Limited	840,000	840,000	40.77	40.77	319,134	319,134	-	-
K.S.L. Export Trading Company Limited	20,000	20,000	33.88	33.88	6,775	6,775	2,033	-
KSL Material Supplys Company Limited**	120,000	480,000	100.00	100.00	119,119	479,119	-	13,440
Khon Kaen Sugar Power Plant Company Limited	800,000	800,000	100.00	100.00	799,972	799,972	-	1,319,954
KSL. Agro & Trading Company Limited	300,000	300,000	100.00	100.00	300,000	300,000	-	-
KSL WSP Logistic Company Limited	250	250	100.00	100.00	250	250	-	-
KHUN CHUAN Company Limited	1,000	1,000	99.97	99.97	1,000	1,000	-	-
Savannakhet Sugar Corporation	687,727	687,727	98.00	98.00	674,178	674,178	-	-
Koh Kong Sugar Industry Company Limited *	1,946,687	1,946,687	100.00	100.00	1,711,617	1,711,617	-	-
Wynn In Trading Company Limited *	487,497	487,497	100.00	100.00	487,497	487,497		
Total					6,727,807	7,087,807	2,033	1,333,394
Less Allowance for impairment of investments					(1,811,975)	(2,027,374)		
Total investments in subsidiaries					4,915,832	5,060,433	2,033	1,333,394

^{*} These are foreign subsidiaries including Koh Kong Plantation Company Limited which the Company holds its shares indirectly through Wynn In Trading Co., Ltd. at 80% and KSL. Agro & Trading Company Limited at 20%. Furthermore, Koh Kong Plantation Company Limited and Koh Kong Sugar Industry Company Limited has the condition to dissolve the Company if its loss exceed 75% of the registered share capital and could not solve the said loss within 1 year. As at October 31, 2023, loss of Koh Kong Plantation Company Limited exceeded 75% of the registered share capital. The Company's management temporarily suspends its operations to adjust the internal structure of the subsidiary and in the process of increasing the registered capital.

Movements in investments for the years ended October 31, are as follows:

Beginning balance 5,060,433 2022 Increase of investment 5,060,433 4,613,846 New Kwang Soon Lee Sugar Factory Company Limited - 381,250 Koh Kong Sugar Industry Company Limited - 1 Decrease of investment (360,000) - KSL Material Supplys Company Limited (360,000) - Increase in allowance for impairment of investments - (75,539) Reversal of allowance for impairment of investments 215,399 140,875 Ending balance 4,915,832 5,060,433		Unit Sepa Financial S	
Increase of investment New Kwang Soon Lee Sugar Factory Company Limited		2023	2022
New Kwang Soon Lee Sugar Factory Company Limited Koh Kong Sugar Industry Company Limited Decrease of investment KSL Material Supplys Company Limited Increase in allowance for impairment of investments Wynn In Trading Company Limited Reversal of allowance for impairment of investments Savannakhet Sugar Corporation 381,250 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Beginning balance	5,060,433	4,613,846
Koh Kong Sugar Industry Company Limited - 1 Decrease of investment KSL Material Supplys Company Limited (360,000) - Increase in allowance for impairment of investments Wynn In Trading Company Limited - (75,539) Reversal of allowance for impairment of investments Savannakhet Sugar Corporation 215,399 140,875	Increase of investment		
Decrease of investment KSL Material Supplys Company Limited Increase in allowance for impairment of investments Wynn In Trading Company Limited Reversal of allowance for impairment of investments Savannakhet Sugar Corporation (360,000) - (75,539) 140,875	New Kwang Soon Lee Sugar Factory Company Limited	-	381,250
KSL Material Supplys Company Limited (360,000) Increase in allowance for impairment of investments Wynn In Trading Company Limited - (75,539) Reversal of allowance for impairment of investments Savannakhet Sugar Corporation 215,399 140,875	Koh Kong Sugar Industry Company Limited	-	1
Increase in allowance for impairment of investments Wynn In Trading Company Limited Reversal of allowance for impairment of investments Savannakhet Sugar Corporation 215,399 140,875	Decrease of investment		
Wynn In Trading Company Limited - (75,539) Reversal of allowance for impairment of investments Savannakhet Sugar Corporation 215,399 140,875	KSL Material Supplys Company Limited	(360,000)	-
Reversal of allowance for impairment of investments Savannakhet Sugar Corporation 215,399 140,875	Increase in allowance for impairment of investments		
Savannakhet Sugar Corporation 215,399 140,875	Wynn In Trading Company Limited	-	(75,539)
	Reversal of allowance for impairment of investments		
Ending balance 4,915,832 5,060,433	Savannakhet Sugar Corporation	215,399	140,875
	Ending balance	4,915,832	5,060,433

^{**} In November 2022, KSL Material Supplys Company Limited registered to decrease the registered and paid-up share capital in the amount of Baht 360.00 million. The subsidiary has registered with the Department of Business Development on November 8, 2022.

On May 20, 2022, the Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders No. 1 of the annual 2022 of New Kwang Soon Lee Sugar Factory Company Limited (subsidiary) has resolution to increase of registered capital totaling amount of Baht 1,525.00 million. The registered capital amount from Baht 500.00 million to the new registered capital amount of Baht 2,025.00 million by issuing 152,500,000 new ordinary shares at the par value of Baht 10.00 and on May 31, 2022, the subsidiary has already registered the increase in registered capital including the call for subscriptions of 152,500,000 new shares at the amount of Baht 2.50 per share, totaling to Baht 381.25 million.

As at September 30, 2022, Koh Kong Sugar Industry Company Limited is in the process to register the capital increase in amount of USD 25.20 million by issuing additional 70 shares at par value of USD 360,000 per share. The Company paid share subscriptions amounting to Baht 938.11 million by partially offsetting with short-term loans and accrued interest to the subsidiary. The Company paid share subscriptions amount of Baht 11.90 million during the year 2023. In addition, Koh Kong Plantation Company Limited is in the process to register the capital increase in amount of USD 5.10 million by issuing additional 34 shares at par value of USD 150,000 per share to reduce its deficit. The subsidiary paid for share subscriptions amounting to Baht 191.92 million.

On September 20, 2022, The Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders No. 1/2022 of KSL Material supplies Co., Ltd. (subsidiary), passed the resolution to decrease its registered capital totaling amount of Baht 360.00 million from Baht 480.00 million to the new registered capital amount of Baht 120.00 million by reducing issued ordinary shares to 12,000,000 shares at the par value of Baht 10.00. The subsidiary has registered with the Department of Business Development on November 8, 2022.

15. TRADE AND OTHER NON-CURRENT RECEIVABLES

Trade and other non-current receivables as at October 31, consisted of:

		Unit: Th	ousand Baht	
Consol	idated	Separate		
Financial Statements		Financial Statements		
2023	2022	2023	2022	
38,695	39,912	3,928	3,928	
219,374	245,120	82,065	89,455	
258,069	285,032	85,993	93,383	
(181,633)	(184,830)	(47,217)	(48,808)	
76,436	100,202	38,776	44,575	
	Financial S 2023 38,695 219,374 258,069 (181,633)	2023 2022 38,695 39,912 219,374 245,120 258,069 285,032 (181,633) (184,830)	Consolidated Sepa Financial Statements Financial Statements 2023 2022 2023 38,695 39,912 3,928 219,374 245,120 82,065 258,069 285,032 85,993 (181,633) (184,830) (47,217)	

Movements in allowance for expected credited losses of trade and other non-current receivables in the consolidated and separate financial statements for the year ended October 31, are as follows:

	Consol Financial S		Unit : The Separ Financial S	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Beginning balance	(184,830)	(226,371)	(48,808)	(41,810)
Provision for expected credit losses	(13,827)	(29,121)	(6,298)	(14,144)
Amount written off	16,641	71,612	7,889	7,146
Translation of financial statements differences	383	(950)		-
Ending balance	(181,633)	(184,830)	(47,217)	(48,808)

16. LONG-TERM LOANS

Long-term loans as at October 31, consisted of:

			Unit : Thousand Ba		
	Consoli	dated	Sepa	rate	
	Financial S	tatements	Financial Statements		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Long-term loans to subsidiaries	-	-	2,217,000	2,582,000	
Long-term loans to others	36,327	49,400	32,327	44,400	
Loans for cane plantation development	438,120	381,893	118,270	109,431	
Total	474,447	431,293	2,367,597	2,735,831	
<u>Less</u> Allowance for expected credit loss	(228,400)	(189,756)	(33,387)	(22,510)	
<u>Less</u> Current portion (see Note 9)	(115,747)	(128,750)	(580,509)	(682,600)	
Total long-term loans	130,300	112,787	1,753,701	2,030,721	

Movements in allowance for expected credited losses of long-term loans in the consolidated and separate financial statements for the year ended October 31, are as follows:

	Consol Financial S		Unit : Thousand Baht Separate Financial Statements		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Beginning balance	(189,756)	(228,942)	(22,510)	(17,213)	
(Provision) reversal for expected credit losses	(48,283)	1,734	(12,874)	(7,139)	
Amount written off	8,877	39,276	1,997	1,842	
Translation of financial statements differences	762	(1,824)			
Ending balance	(228,400)	(189,756)	(33,387)	(22,510)	

As at October 31, 2023 and 2022, loans for cane plantation development included in the consolidated financial statements of Baht 416.47 million and Baht 360.24 million, respectively, and in the separate financial statements of Baht 96.62 million and Baht 87.78 million, respectively, were the loans to farmers the purpose to buy land for cane plantation, agricultural machineries and equipment. The loan agreements were entered into for the periods of 1 - 10 years. Loans carry interest rates of 5.50% - 8.50% per annum and rates of 3.50% - 8.00% per annum, respectively, which the farmers mostly use land and vehicles as collateral. For the remaining loans for cane plantation development of Baht 21.65 million equal for both years were loans to other personals and parties for purchases of agricultural machineries for planting cane for one of the Company's overseas subsidiaries for periods of 3 - 4 years and carrying interest rate at MLR+1.00% per annum. The principal and interest are paid annually. The loans are secured by such agricultural machineries.

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Movements of investment properties for the years ended October 31, are as follows:

2023

					Unit:	Thousand Baht	
		Consolidated Fi	nancial Stateme	Separate Financial Statements			
	Land	Buildings	uildings Construction		Land	Buildings	Total
		and	in progress			and	
		Warehouses				Warehouses	
Fair value:							
As at November 1, 2022	4,272,103	2,024,532	52	6,296,687	1,492,569	686,602	2,179,171
Adjustment and reclassification	2,707	-	-	2,707	2,707	-	2,707
Purchases	2,288	175	120	2,583	2,288	-	2,288
Transfer in (out)	-	172	(172)	-	-	-	-
Gains (losses) from fair value adjustments							
on investment property	137,825	(19,621)		118,204	99,147	20,213	119,360
As at October 31, 2023	4,414,923	2,005,258		6,420,181	1,596,711	706,815	2,303,526

2022

						Unit:	Thousand Baht
	C	onsolidated Fi	nancial Stateme	Separate Financial Statements			
	Land	Land Buildings		Total	Land	Buildings	Total
		and	in progress			and	
		Warehouses				Warehouses	
Fair value:							
As at November 1, 2021	4,019,344	2,092,260	-	6,111,604	1,360,365	648,903	2,009,268
Adjustment and reclassification	64,390	-	-	64,390	64,390	-	64,390
Purchases	5,084	58	52	5,194	4,872	-	4,872
Disposals	(4,040)	(1,761)	-	(5,801)	-	-	-
Gains (losses) from fair value adjustments							
on investment property	187,325	(66,025)		121,300	62,942	37,699	100,641
As at October 31, 2022	4,272,103	2,024,532	52	6,296,687	1,492,569	686,602	2,179,171

For the years ended October 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group recognized rental income from investment property of Baht 133.60 million and Baht 165.61 million, respectively, in the consolidated statements of income, and of Baht 44.59 million and Baht 53.15 million, respectively, in the separate statements of income.

The fair value of investment property was determined by an independent appraiser who has been approved by the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission (Thailand) using income approach discounted cash flow method and market approach which is hierarchy level 3.

18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Movements of property, plant and equipment for the years ended October 31, are as follows:

Unit : Thousand Baht

2023

Cost: As at November 1, 2022 1,134,940 Adjustment and reclassification (2,707) Purchases 5,839 Disposals/written off - Transfer in (out) - Translation of financial statements differences -	Land Inprovement 1,770,530 - (15) 4,724 (33,119) 1,742,120 (597,847) (37,288)	Buildings and Construction 6,986,566 - - (852) 16,306 (34,159) 6,967,861 (2,147,027) (169,798)	Machinery and	Motor Vehicles and Labor Saving Tools 1,524,095 4 31,558 (61,752) 1,176 (2,180) 1,492,901	Furniture and Office Equipment 297,300 11 7,634 (13,530) 1,023 (988) 291,450	Construction in progress 162,540 (1,467) 971,994 - (282,702) - 850,365	Bearer Plant 345,221 - 11,286 - (14,033) 342,474	Total 37,568,689 (4,177) 1,042,123 (156,644) - (163,974) 38,286,017
Cost: As at November 1, 2022 1,134,940 Adjustment and reclassification (2,707) Purchases 5,839 Disposals/written off - Translation of financial statements differences - As at October 31, 2023 1,138,072 Accumulated depreciation: As at November 1, 2022 - Depreciation for the year - Disposals/written off - Translation of financial statements differences - As at October 31, 2023 - Differences on revaluation of assets:	1,770,530 - (15) 4,724 (33,119) 1,742,120	Construction 6,986,566 - (852) 16,306 (34,159) 6,967,861	25,347,497 (18) 13,812 (80,495) 259,473 (79,495) 25,460,774	1,524,095 4 31,558 (61,752) 1,176 (2,180) 1,492,901	297,300 11 7,634 (13,530) 1,023 (988) 291,450	162,540 (1,467) 971,994 - (282,702)	345,221 - 11,286 - - (14,033)	(4,177) 1,042,123 (156,644) - (163,974)
As at November 1, 2022 1,134,940 Adjustment and reclassification (2,707) Purchases 5,839 Disposals/written off - Transfer in (out) - Translation of financial statements differences - As at October 31, 2023 1,138,072 Accumulated depreciation: As at November 1, 2022 - Depreciation for the year - Disposals/written off - Translation of financial statements differences - As at October 31, 2023 - Differences on revaluation of assets:	(15) 4,724 (33,119) 1,742,120 (597,847)	6,986,566 - (852) 16,306 (34,159) 6,967,861	25,347,497 (18) 13,812 (80,495) 259,473 (79,495) 25,460,774	1,524,095 4 31,558 (61,752) 1,176 (2,180) 1,492,901	297,300 11 7,634 (13,530) 1,023 (988) 291,450	(1,467) 971,994 - (282,702)	11,286	(4,177) 1,042,123 (156,644) - (163,974)
As at November 1, 2022 1,134,940 Adjustment and reclassification (2,707) Purchases 5,839 Disposals/written off - Transfer in (out) - Translation of financial statements differences - As at October 31, 2023 1,138,072 Accumulated depreciation: As at November 1, 2022 - Depreciation for the year - Disposals/written off - Translation of financial statements differences - As at October 31, 2023 - Differences on revaluation of assets:	(15) 4,724 (33,119) 1,742,120 (597,847)	(852) 16,306 (34,159) 6,967,861	(18) 13,812 (80,495) 259,473 (79,495) 25,460,774	4 31,558 (61,752) 1,176 (2,180) 1,492,901	11 7,634 (13,530) 1,023 (988) 291,450	(1,467) 971,994 - (282,702)	11,286	(4,177) 1,042,123 (156,644) - (163,974)
Adjustment and reclassification (2,707) Purchases 5,839 Disposals/written off - Transfer in (out) - Translation of financial statements differences - As at October 31, 2023 1,138,072 Accumulated depreciation: As at November 1, 2022 - Depreciation for the year - Disposals/written off - Translation of financial statements differences - As at October 31, 2023 - Differences on revaluation of assets:	(15) 4,724 (33,119) 1,742,120 (597,847)	(852) 16,306 (34,159) 6,967,861	(18) 13,812 (80,495) 259,473 (79,495) 25,460,774	4 31,558 (61,752) 1,176 (2,180) 1,492,901	11 7,634 (13,530) 1,023 (988) 291,450	(1,467) 971,994 - (282,702)	11,286	(4,177) 1,042,123 (156,644) - (163,974)
Purchases 5,839 Disposals/written off - Transfer in (out) - Translation of financial statements differences - As at October 31, 2023 1,138,072 Accumulated depreciation: As at November 1, 2022 - Depreciation for the year - Disposals/written off - Translation of financial statements differences - As at October 31, 2023 - Differences on revaluation of assets:	4,724 (33,119) 1,742,120 (597,847)	16,306 (34,159) 6,967,861 (2,147,027)	13,812 (80,495) 259,473 (79,495) 25,460,774	31,558 (61,752) 1,176 (2,180) 1,492,901	7,634 (13,530) 1,023 (988) 291,450	971,994 - (282,702)	11,286 (14,033)	1,042,123 (156,644) - (163,974)
Disposals/written off Transfer in (out) Translation of financial statements differences As at October 31, 2023 Accumulated depreciation: As at November 1, 2022 Depreciation for the year Disposals/written off Translation of financial statements differences As at October 31, 2023 Differences on revaluation of assets:	4,724 (33,119) 1,742,120 (597,847)	16,306 (34,159) 6,967,861 (2,147,027)	(80,495) 259,473 (79,495) 25,460,774	(61,752) 1,176 (2,180) 1,492,901	(13,530) 1,023 (988) 291,450	(282,702)	- (14,033)	(156,644)
Transfer in (out) Translation of financial statements differences As at October 31, 2023 Accumulated depreciation: As at November 1, 2022 Depreciation for the year Disposals/written off Translation of financial statements differences As at October 31, 2023 Differences on revaluation of assets:	4,724 (33,119) 1,742,120 (597,847)	16,306 (34,159) 6,967,861 (2,147,027)	259,473 (79,495) 25,460,774	1,176 (2,180) 1,492,901	1,023 (988) 291,450		(14,033)	(163,974)
Translation of financial statements differences - 1,138,072 As at October 31, 2023 1,138,072 Accumulated depreciation: As at November 1, 2022 - Depreciation for the year - Disposals/written off - Translation of financial statements differences - As at October 31, 2023 - Differences on revaluation of assets:	(33,119) 1,742,120 (597,847)	(34,159) 6,967,861 (2,147,027)	(79,495) 25,460,774	(2,180)	(988) 291,450			
As at October 31, 2023 Accumulated depreciation: As at November 1, 2022 Depreciation for the year Disposals/written off Translation of financial statements differences As at October 31, 2023 Differences on revaluation of assets:	1,742,120	6,967,861	25,460,774	1,492,901	291,450	· 		
As at October 31, 2023 Accumulated depreciation: As at November 1, 2022 - Depreciation for the year - Disposals/written off - Translation of financial statements differences - As at October 31, 2023 - Differences on revaluation of assets:	1,742,120	6,967,861	25,460,774	1,492,901	291,450	· 		
Accumulated depreciation: As at November 1, 2022 - Depreciation for the year - Disposals/written off - Translation of financial statements differences - As at October 31, 2023 - Differences on revaluation of assets:	(597,847)	(2,147,027)	, ,			850,365	342,474	38,286,017
As at November 1, 2022 - Depreciation for the year - Disposals/written off - Translation of financial statements differences - As at October 31, 2023 - Differences on revaluation of assets:			(12,036,711)	(1,177,122)	(280.216)			
As at November 1, 2022 - Depreciation for the year - Disposals/written off - Translation of financial statements differences - As at October 31, 2023 - Differences on revaluation of assets:			(12,036,711)	(1,177,122)	(280 216)			
Depreciation for the year - Disposals/written off - Translation of financial statements differences - As at October 31, 2023 - Differences on revaluation of assets:			` ' ' '			-	(317,733)	(16,556,656)
Disposals/written off - Translation of financial statements differences - As at October 31, 2023 - Differences on revaluation of assets:		(102,/20)	(817,422)	(37,637)	(8,403)	-	(10,711)	(1,081,259)
Translation of financial statements differences - As at October 31, 2023 - Differences on revaluation of assets:	4	432	39,357	57,854	13,465	_	-	111,112
As at October 31, 2023 - Differences on revaluation of assets:			,	,	-,			,
Differences on revaluation of assets:	11,856	7,854	13,007	1,502	985	_	11,214	46,418
	(623,275)		(12,801,769)	(1,155,403)	(274,169)	-	(317,230)	(17,480,385)
As at November 1, 2022 3,093,027								3,695,627
As at Oatabar 21, 2022 2,605,627								
As at October 31, 2023 3,695,627								3,695,627
Allowance for impairment of assets:								
As at November 1, 2022 (77,081)	(75,262)	(64,767)	(338,510)	(1,627)	-	-	(11,225)	(568,472)
(Increased) decreased -	-	-	7,181	-	-	-	-	7,181
Disposals/written off -	-	-	7,778	23	-	-	-	7,801
Translation of financial								
statements differences -	4,007	3,110	14,655	87	-	-	2,819	24,678
As at October 31, 2023 (77,081)	(71,255)	(61,657)	(308,896)	(1,517)	-	-	(8,406)	(528,812)
Net book value:								
	1.047.590	4,597,665	12,350,109	335,981	17,281	850,365	16,838	23,972,447

2022

2022

	Land	Land	Buildings	Machinery	Motor Vehicles	Furniture	Construction	Bearer	Total
		Improvement	and	and	and Labor	and Office	in progress	Plant	
		_	Construction	Equipment	Saving Tools	Equipment			
Cost:									
As at November 1, 2021	1,151,163	1,674,182	6,864,217	25,061,588	1,525,195	296,657	169,108	299,931	37,042,041
Adjustment and reclassification	(16,223)	-	-	112	-	(112)	(655)	-	(16,878)
Purchases	-	-	-	4,371	4,703	3,379	184,919	14,570	211,942
Disposals/written off	-	(293)	(2,178)	(38,258)	(12,545)	(5,757)	-	(2,881)	(61,912
Transfer in (out)	-	17,341	42,737	129,322	672	760	(190,832)	-	-
Translation of financial									
statements differences	-	79,300	81,790	190,362	6,070	2,373	-	33,601	393,496
As at October 31, 2022	1,134,940	1,770,530	6,986,566	25,347,497	1,524,095	297,300	162,540	345,221	37,568,689
Accumulated depreciation:									
As at November 1, 2021	-	(532,196)	(1,957,976)	(11,154,860)	(1,136,988)	(273,382)	-	(282,044)	(15,337,446
Depreciation for the year	-	(37,556)	(171,079)	(881,354)	(46,522)	(10,211)	-	(11,518)	(1,158,240
Disposals/written off	-	293	834	30,668	10,596	5,733	-	2,679	50,803
Translation of financial									
statements differences	-	(28,388)	(18,806)	(31,165)	(4,208)	(2,356)	_	(26,850)	(111,773
As at October 31, 2022	-	(597,847)	(2,147,027)	(12,036,711)	(1,177,122)	(280,216)		(317,733)	(16,556,656)
Differences on revaluation of asse	ets:								
As at November 1, 2021	3,743,813	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,743,813
Adjustment and reclassification	(48,186)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(48,186
As at October 31, 2022	3,695,627	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,695,627
Allowance for impairment of ass	ets:								
As at November 1, 2021	(77,081)	(58,035)	(57,322)	(241,477)	(1,379)	-	-	(6,355)	(441,649
(Increased) decreased	-	(8,748)	-	(72,106)	-	-	-	1,881	(78,973
Translation of financial									
statements differences	-	(8,479)	(7,445)	(24,927)	(248)	-	-	(6,751)	(47,850
As at October 31, 2022	(77,081)	(75,262)	(64,767)	(338,510)	(1,627)	-		(11,225)	(568,472
Net book value:									
As at October 31, 2022	4,753,486	1,097,421	4,774,772	12,972,276	345,346	17,084	162,540	16,263	24,139,188

Thousand Baht 1,158,240

2023

WY	ans.	
Unit:	Thousand	1 Kaht

_		Separate Financial Statements									
	Land	Land	Buildings	Machinery	Motor Vehicles	Furniture	Construction	Bearer Plant	Total		
		Improvement	and	and	and Labor	and Office	in progress				
			Construction	Equipment	Saving Tools	Equipment					
Cost:											
As at November 1, 2022	439,079	479,491	2,318,268	9,614,251	534,068	132,233	39,583	-	13,556,973		
Adjustment and											
reclassification	(2,707)	-	-	-	-	-	(753)	-	(3,460)		
Purchases	1,525	-	-	2,745	2,465	3,114	47,297	-	57,146		
Disposals/written off	-	-	(484)	(12,980)	(17,384)	(3,235)	-	-	(34,083)		
Transfer in (out)	-	4,723	57	35,529	1,176	365	(41,850)				
As at October 31, 2023	437,897	484,214	2,317,841	9,639,545	520,325	132,477	44,277		13,576,576		
Accumulated depreciation:											
As at November 1, 2022	-	(138,621)	(659,254)	(4,695,333)	(400,622)	(123,909)	-	-	(6,017,739)		
Depreciation for the year	-	(19,422)	(67,170)	(317,143)	(17,828)	(4,191)	-	-	(425,754)		
Disposals/written off	-		65	10,636	17,384	3,185			31,270		
As at October 31, 2023		(158,043)	(726,359)	(5,001,840)	(401,066)	(124,915)			(6,412,223)		
Differences on revaluation of	of assets:										
As at November 1, 2022	1,002,702								1,002,702		
As at October 31, 2023	1,002,702	-	-		-	-	-	-	1,002,702		
Allowance for impairment	of assets:										
As at November 1, 2022	(26,549)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(26,549)		
As at October 31, 2023	(26,549)	-	-		-	_	-	-	(26,549)		
Net book value:											
As at October 31, 2023	1,414,050	326,171	1,591,482	4,637,705	119,259	7,562	44,277		8,140,506		

2022

Unit: Thousand Baht

<u>-</u>				Sepai	rate Financial Sta	tements			
	Land	Land	Buildings	•	Motor Vehicles	Furniture		Bearer Plant	Total
		Improvement	and	and	and Labor	and Office	in progress		
-			Construction	Equipment	Saving Tools	Equipment			
Cost:									
As at November 1, 2021	455,302	479,491	2,320,200	9,599,016	535,152	132,919	20,965	-	13,543,045
Adjustment and									
reclassification	(16,223)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(16,223)
Purchases	-	-	-	384	12	1,247	41,375	-	43,018
Disposals/written off	-	-	(2,019)	(7,393)	(1,096)	(2,359)	-	-	(12,867)
Transfer in (out)	-		87	22,244		426	(22,757)		
As at October 31, 2022	439,079	479,491	2,318,268	9,614,251	534,068	132,233	39,583		13,556,973
Accumulated depreciation:									
As at November 1, 2021	-	(119,234)	(591,759)	(4,346,925)	(381,829)	(120,500)	-	-	(5,560,247)
Depreciation for the year	-	(19,387)	(68,170)	(353,891)	(19,841)	(5,757)	-	-	(467,046)
Disposals/written off	-		675	5,483	1,048	2,348			9,554
As at October 31, 2022	-	(138,621)	(659,254)	(4,695,333)	(400,622)	(123,909)			(6,017,739)
Differences on revaluation o	f assets:								
As at November 1, 2021	1,050,888	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,050,888
Adjustment and									
reclassification	(48,186)				-		_		(48,186)
As at October 31, 2022	1,002,702		-		-		-		1,002,702
Allowance for impairment	of assets:								
As at November 1, 2021	(26,549)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(26,549)
As at October 31, 2022	(26,549)	-	-		-	-	-	-	(26,549)
Net book value:									
As at October 31, 2022	1,415,232	340,870	1,659,014	4,918,918	133,446	8,324	39,583		8,515,387
Depreciation for the years	ended Octo	ober 31,							
2023		•					Ti	ousand Baht	425 754

2023 Thousand Baht 2022 Thousand Baht 467,046 As at October 31, 2023 and 2022, buildings and construction of two foreign subsidiaries at book value of Baht 414.26 million and Baht 437.46 million, respectively, in the consolidated financial statements, are located on the concessional which the ownership will be transferred to the lesser when the agreements are expired (see Note 34.8.3).

As at October 31, 2023 and 2022, assets at cost of Baht 7,230.03 million and Baht 6,630.04 million, respectively, in the consolidated financial statements, and of Baht 3,212.74 million and Baht 3,078.25 million, respectively, in the separate financial statements, were fully depreciated but still in use.

As at October 31, 2023 and 2022, land which is recorded at revaluation method with the net value of Baht 4,756.62 million and Baht 4,753.49 million, respectively, in the consolidated financial statements, and of Baht 1,414.05 million and Baht 1,415.23 million, respectively, in the separate financial statements represented fair value of land which was determined by an independent appraiser who has been approved by the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission (Thailand) using the market approach which is hierarchy level 3. As at October 31, 2023 and 2022, land net book value at the cost method of Baht 1,138.07 million and Baht 1,134.94 million, respectively, in the consolidated financial statements, and of Baht 437.90 million and Baht 439.08 million, respectively, in the separate financial statements.

As at October 31, 2023 and 2022, there are no borrowing costs capitalized as costs of property, plant and equipment.

19. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

Movements of right-of-use assets for the years ended October 31, are as follows:

Unit: Thousand Baht Consolidated Financial Statements 2023 **Balance** Adjustment Additions Decreased **Differences Balance** and on translation as at as at November 1. reclassification of financial October 31. 2023 2022 statements Cost Office equipment 2,762 2,762 Vehicles 58,162 22,579 (12,501)68,240 Concession 15,551 (828)14,723 Total cost 76,475 22,579 (12,501)(828)85,725 Accumulated depreciation Office equipment (1,089)(1,381)(2.470)Vehicles (25,305)(13,809)12,332 (26,788)(6) Concession (403)(185)(572)16 Total accumulated depreciation (26,797)(6) (15,375)12,332 16 (29,830)Right-of-use-asset - net 49,678 55,895

Unit	:	Thousand	Baht
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	Consolidated Financial Statements							
2	Balance	Additions	Differences	Balance				
	as at		on translation	as at				
	November 1,		of financial	October 31,				
	2021		statements	2022				
Cost								
Office equipment	-	2,762	-	2,762				
Vehicles	41,661	16,501	-	58,162				
Concession	13,569	-	1,982	15,551				
Total cost	55,230	19,263	1,982	76,475				
Accumulated depreciation								
Office equipment	-	(1,089)	-	(1,089)				
Vehicles	(12,306)	(12,999)	-	(25,305)				
Concession	(175)	(184)	(44)	(403)				
Total accumulated depreciation	(12,481)	(14,272)	(44)	(26,797)				
Right-of-use-asset - net	42,749			49,678				
Depreciation for the years ended October 3:	1.							
2023	,		Thousand Baht	15,375				
2022			Thousand Baht	14,272				

Unit: Thousand Baht

	Separate Financial Statements							
2023	Balance	Additions	Decreased	Balance				
	as at			as at				
	November 1,			October 31,				
	2022			2023				
Cost								
Buildings and warehouse	294,941	-	-	294,941				
Machineries	28,957	-	-	28,957				
Office equipment	1,859	-	-	1,859				
Vehicles	23,745	8,057	(4,168)	27,634				
Total cost	349,502	8,057	(4,168)	353,391				
Accumulated depreciation								
Buildings and warehouse	(72,777)	(36,389)	-	(109,166)				
Machineries	(7,240)	(3,619)	-	(10,859)				
Office equipment	(738)	(930)	-	(1,668)				
Vehicles	(11,021)	(5,698)	4,168	(12,551)				
Total accumulated depreciation	(91,776)	(46,636)	4,168	(134,244)				
Right-of-use-asset - net	257,726			219,147				

Unit: Thousand Baht Separate Financial Statements 2022 **Balance** Additions Decreased Balance as at as at October 31, November 1, 2022 2021 Cost Buildings and warehouse 294,941 294,941 28,957 28,957 Machineries Office equipment 1,859 1,859 Vehicles 20,404 3,341 23,745 344,302 349,502 Total cost 5,200 **Accumulated depreciation** Buildings and warehouse (36,388)(36,389)(72,777)Machineries (3,620)(7,240)(3,620)Office equipment (738)(738)(5,470) Vehicles (5,551)(11,021)Total accumulated depreciation (45,478)(46,298)(91,776) Right-of-use-asset - net 298,824 257,726 Depreciation for the years ended October 31, 2023 **Thousand Baht** 46,636

20. SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS FROM FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

2022

Short-term borrowings from financial institutions as at October 31, consisted of:

			Unit : Th	ousand Baht
	Consolidated		Separate	
	Financial S	tatements	Financial Statements	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Promissory notes	4,086,000	4,731,071	2,612,000	2,550,000
Total short-term borrowings from financial institutions	4,086,000	4,731,071	2,612,000	2,550,000

Thousand Baht

46,298

As at October 31, 2023 and 2022, promissory notes are borrowings denominated in Baht, in the consolidated financial statements, of Baht 4,086.00 million and Baht 4,731.07 million, respectively, carrying interest rates at 2.42% - 2.98% per annum and 1.18% - 2.50% per annum, respectively, and in the separate financial statements, of Baht 2,612.00 million and Baht 2,550.00 million, respectively, carrying interest rates at 2.42% - 2.98% per annum and 1.18% - 1.40% per annum, respectively.

21. TRADE AND OTHER CURRENT PAYABLES

Trade and other current payables as at October 31, consisted of:

1 2	Consol Financial S		Unit : Thousand Baht Separate Financial Statements		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Trade payables - related parties	2,775	3,523	383	40,080	
Trade payables - other	738,115	365,346	293,007	286,199	
Advances received	125,502	129,897	30,728	75,386	
Other accrued expenses	412,639	307,065	214,688	164,371	
Payable for purchases of assets	179,948	75,254	2,615	11,190	
Other payables	198,467	195,695	93,440	104,981	
Total trade and other current payables	1,657,446	1,076,780	634,861	682,207	

22. LONG-TERM DEBENTURES

Long-term debentures as at October 31, consisted of:

	Unit: Thousand Baht			
	Consolidated Financial Statements/			
	Separate Financial Statements			
	2023	2022		
Unsecured and non-subordinated debentures	2,648,901	2,648,672		
Net	2,648,901	2,648,672		

The Company issued Thai Baht currency debentures which are holder specified, non-subordinated and unsecured bonds at par value of Baht 1,000 per unit to a limited number of investors, with the following details:

								Unit : Th	ousand Baht		
	Consolidated Financial Statements/Separate Financial Statements as at October 31, 2023										
Bond	Symbol	Term	Maturity date	Interest	Number	Total	Deferred	Net	Fair value		
Set No.				rate	of units	value	debenture				
				per annum	issued		issuance cost				
1	KSL27DA	10 years	December 7, 2027	3.74	2,000,000	2,000,000	969	1,999,031	1,847,778		
2	KSL285A	10 years	May 3, 2028	3.60	650,000	650,000	130	649,870	589,929		
	Total lo	ng-term deben	itures		2,650,000	2,650,000	1,099	2,648,901	2,437,707		
								** **	10.17		
		Consolie	lated Financial Stateme	nte/Sanarata F	Sinancial State	mante ac at Oc	etobor 31 2022	Unit : Th	ousand Baht		
Bond	Symbol	Term	Maturity date	Interest	Number	Total	Deferred	Net	Fair value		
Set No.	Бушьог	101111	muunity uute	rate	of units	value	debenture	1100	Tun vuiuc		
Set 110				per annum	issued	value	issuance cost				
				per amium	issued		issuance cost				
1	KSL27DA	10 years	December 7, 2027	3.74	2,000,000	2,000,000	1,169	1,998,831	1,799,884		
2	KSL285A	10 years	May 3, 2028	3.60	650,000	650,000	159	649,841	572,757		
	Total lo	ng-term deben	itures		2,650,000	2,650,000	1,328	2,648,672	2,372,641		

Movements of long-term debentures in the consolidated and the separate financial statements for the years ended October 31, are as follows:

	Unit: T	housand Baht
	2023	2022
Beginning book value	2,648,672	5,647,601
Redemptions during the years	=	(3,000,000)
Debenture issuance cost	229	1,071
Ending book value	2,648,901	2,648,672

Other significant compliance to the covenants of the debenture issuances are as follows:

- The Company shall maintain the debts with interest to equity ratio in the consolidated financial statements as at October 31 in every year ratio not exceed 2: 1 the entire term.

As at October 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company maintains the debts with interest to equity ratio in accordance with the conditions (see Note 30).

- The Company shall proceed the credit rating the entire term. In case the credit rating of the debentures is lower than the current Company's rating at that time, the Company shall pledge assets as collateral for the debenture holders or proceed to correct the credit rating of the debentures to be at the same level or better than the credit rating of the Company.

As at October 31, 2023, the credit rating of the debentures was not lower than the Company's credit rating.

23. LONG-TERM BORROWINGS

Long-term borrowings as at October 31, consisted of long-term borrowings from financial institutions in Baht and US dollar currencies as follows:

	Consol Financial S	lidated Statements	Unit : Thousand Baht Separate Financial Statements		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Borrowings	7,627,074	9,294,404	6,877,074	8,294,404	
<u>Less</u> Current portion	(2,962,000)	(2,535,000)	(2,712,000)	(2,285,000)	
Long-term borrowings - net	4,665,074	6,759,404	4,165,074	6,009,404	

Movements of long-term borrowings for the years ended October 31, are as follows:

			Unit: Th	ousand Baht
	Consol	idated	Separate	
	Financial S	tatements	Financial Statement	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Beginning book value	9,294,404	6,906,449	8,294,404	6,535,069
Additional borrowings during the years (see Note 5.2)	1,000,000	4,250,000	1,000,000	3,250,000
Repayment during the years (see Note 5.2)	(2,535,000)	(2,053,380)	(2,285,000)	(1,682,000)
Exchange rates adjustment	(132,330)	191,335	(132,330)	191,335
Ending book value	7,627,074	9,294,404	6,877,074	8,294,404

The interest rates of long-term borrowings as at October 31, are as follows:

	Consolidated		Separate Financial Statements		
	Financial				
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
	%	%	%	%	
Borrowings - Baht currency	2.90 - 4.09	1.975 - 3.25	2.90 - 4.09	1.975 - 3.25	
Borrowings - USD currency	2.85	2.85	2.85	2.85	

Maturity of long-term borrowings were as follows:

	Consol	idatad	Unit : Tl Sepa	housand Baht
		Consolidated Financial Statements		Statements
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Within 1 year	2,962,000	2,535,000	2,712,000	2,285,000
Over 1 year but within 5 years	4,665,074	6,759,404	4,165,074	6,009,404
	7,627,074	9,294,404	6,877,074	8,294,404

The significant terms of such borrowings are as follows:

	Credit Limit	Balances As at October 31, 2023 2022		Interest rate p.a.	Principal repayment	Interest payment	Commencing repayment	Maturity
		Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht					
The C	Company							
	THB Currency							
1.	Baht 1,000 million	-	150,000	Fixed rate	Semi-annual	Monthly	April 2018	October 2023
2.	Baht 1,000 million	-	100,000	Fixed rate	Semi-annual	Monthly	June 2018	December 2022
3.	Baht 1,000 million	-	200,000	MLR - Fixed rate	Semi-annual	Monthly	November 2018	May 2023
4.	Baht 1,000 million	-	200,000	MLR - Fixed rate	Semi-annual	Monthly	March 2019	September 2023
5.	Baht 1,000 million*	-	223,000	AMLR - Fixed rate	Semi-annual	Quarterly	August 2019	August 2023
6.	Baht 1,000 million*	120,000	340,000	AMLR - Fixed rate	Semi-annual	Quarterly	January 2020	January 2024
7.	Baht 1,000 million*	120,000	340,000	AMLR - Fixed rate	Semi-annual	Quarterly	February 2020	February 2024
8.	Baht 2,000 million	1,750,000	1,900,000	Fixed rate	Semi-annual	Monthly	January 2022	July 2025
9.	Baht 1,750 million	1,650,000	1,750,000	Year 1-3 Fixed rate	Semi-annual	Monthly	April 2023	October 2026
				Year 4-5 THOR +				
				Fixed rate				
10.	Baht 500 million	300,000	500,000	Fixed rate	Semi-annual	Monthly	February 2023	August 2025
11.	Baht 1,000 million	778,000	1,000,000	THOR + Fixed rate	Semi-annual	Quarterly	March 2023	March 2027
12.	Baht 1,000 million*	1,000,000	-	AMLR - Fixed rate	Semi-annual	Monthly	March 2025	September 2029
	USD Currency							
13.	USD 48.08 million**	1,159,074	1,591,404	SOFR + Fixed rate	Semi-annual	Semi-annual	September 2021	March 2024
	Total	6,877,074	8,294,404					
The S	Subsidiary							
	THB Currency							
14.	Baht 1,000 million	750,000	1,000,000	Year 1-3 Fixed rate	Semi-annual	Monthly	January 2023	July 2026
				Year 4 MLR -		•	•	·
				Fixed rate				
	Total	750,000	1,000,000					
	Grand Total	7,627,074	9,294,404					
	Less Current portion	(2,962,000)	(2,535,000)					
	Net	4,665,074	6,759,404					
	1100	.,000,071	5,752,704					

^{*} AMLR is the average MLR of 4 large Thai financial institutions.

The Company and its subsidiaries have to abide to certain financial conditions, which the Company and its subsidiaries have to maintain the interest-bearing debt to equity ratio (see Note 30) and for the long-term loan agreement of a subsidiary, there is a condition requiring the Company has to maintain its shareholding ratio in that subsidiaries. As at October 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company and its subsidiaries are able to maintain the ratios as stipulated in the agreements.

^{**} The US dollar borrowing is made a foreign exchange contract and cross currency swap to hedge the full amount of risk throughout the term of the borrowing and pay interest at the rate 2.85% per annum on every 6 months (see Note 35.3).

24. LEASE LIABILITIES

Lease liabilities as at October 31, consisted of:

	Consolidated Financial Statements		Unit : Thousand F Separate Financial Statemen	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Lease liabilities	47,006	37,975	305,479	359,918
<u>Less</u> Deferred interest expenses	(4,753)	(3,539)	(70,072)	(89,410)
Total	42,253	34,436	235,407	270,508
Less Current portion	(14,278)	(12,314)	(44,914)	(42,319)
Lease liabilities - net	27,975	22,122	190,493	228,189

The Group entered into the finance lease agreements with leasing companies for rental of vehicles for use in its operations, whereby it was committed to pay rental on a monthly basis. The terms of the agreements were generally for 5 years.

Expenses relating to leases that are recognized in profit or loss in the consolidated and separated financial statements for the years end October 31, consist of:

			Unit : Th	nousand Baht
	Consolidated Financial Statements		Separate Financial Statements	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets	15,375	14,272	46,636	46,298
Interest expense on lease liabilities	2,064	1,776	20,523	22,377
Expenses relating to leases of low-value assets	5,418	3,578	4,470	2,618

25. OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Other current financial liabilities as at October 31, consisted of:

		Unit: Thousand Baht	
	Consolidated Financial Statements/		
	Separate Financial Statements		
	2023	2022	
Other current financial liabilities			
Derivative financial liabilities			
Foreign currency forward exchange contracts	-	514,632	
Foreign currency option and sugar future option contracts	30,648	4,045	
Sugar future contracts	56,407	-	
Interest rate exchange contracts	29,696	38,900	
Total other current financial liabilities	116,751	557,577	

26. INCOME TAX EXPENSE, DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

26.1 Income tax expense

Income tax expense for the years ended October 31, are as follows:

			Unit : T	housand Baht
	Consoli	dated	Sepai	rate
	Financial St	Financial Statements		tatements
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Current income tax				
Current income tax expense	125,295	58,500	-	-
Deferred income tax				
Deferred income tax expense and temporary differences	26,617	332,039	238,540	203,513
Total	151,912	390,539	238,540	203,513

Reconciliation of income tax and the results of the accounting profit multiplied by the income tax rate for the years ended October 31, are as follows:

	a 1	• • • •		housand Baht
	Consol		Separate	
	Financial S	Statements	Financial S	Statements
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Profit before income tax expense				
- Promoted sectors-exempted from income tax at 50% of				
income tax rate	492,309	155,532	-	-
- Non-promoted sector	579,887	1,563,857	1,255,306	2,635,745
Total profit before income tax expense	1,072,196	1,719,389	1,255,306	2,635,745
Statutory tax rates (%)	20	20	20	20
Income tax expense				
- Promoted sectors - exempted from income tax at 50% of				
income tax rate	49,231	15,553	-	-
- Non-promoted sector	115,977	312,771	251,061	527,149
Total income tax	165,208	328,324	251,061	527,149
Effect on income tax from the difference between the accounting				
base and the tax base	(41,540)	(272,927)	(251,061)	(527,149)
	123,668	55,397	-	-
Prior year income tax expense	1,627	3,103	-	-
Deferred income tax expense	26,617	332,039	238,540	203,513
Income tax expense	151,912	390,539	238,540	203,513
Effective tax rates (%)	14.17	22.71	19.00	7.72

26.2 Deferred tax assets - net as at October 31, are as follows:

			Unit : Th	ousand Baht
	Consol	idated	Sep	arate
	Financial S	Statements	Financial Statements	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Deferred tax assets - net				
Allowance for expected credit loss	66	-	-	-
Non-current provision for employee benefits	608	148	-	-
Loss carried forward	1,170	1,123	-	-
Change in fair value of biological assets	2,689	-	-	-
Others	(515)	-	-	-
Deferred tax assets - net	4,018	1,271	-	-

Movements of deferred tax assets for the years ended October 31, are as follows:

2023

		Unit : Thousand Bah				
	Consolidated Financial Statements					
	As at November 1, 2022	Items as recognized in profit or loss	Items as recognized in other comprehensive income	As at October 31, 2023		
Deferred tax assets - net						
Allowance for expected credit loss	-	66	-	66		
Non-current provision for employee benefits	148	(8)	468	608		
Loss carried forward	1,123	47	-	1,170		
Change in fair value of biological assets	-	2,689	-	2,689		
Others		(515)		(515)		
Deferred tax assets - net	1,271	2,279	468	4,018		

2022

	Unit : Thousand Ba					
	Consolidated Financial Statements					
	As at November 1, 2021	Items as recognized in profit or loss	Items as recognized in other comprehensive income	As at October 31, 2022		
Deferred tax assets - net						
Non-current provision for employee benefits	597	(475)	26	148		
Loss carried forward	534	589		1,123		
Deferred tax assets - net	1,131	114	26	1,271		

Unrecognized deferred tax assets of two and three foreign subsidiaries, respectively, as at October 31, are as follows:

	Consoli	Unit : Thousand Baht Consolidated Financial Statements		
	2023	2022		
The following deferred tax assets have not been recognized				
Temporary differences	(179,603)	(72,329)		
Loss carried forward	235,977	283,941		
	56,374	211,612		

As at October 31, 2023, the Company's management assessed that the deferred tax assets may not be utilized in full amount because the future taxable profit of subsidiaries may not be sufficient to utilize such deferred tax assets. The loss carried forward which is not recognized as deferred tax assets of Baht 235.98 million, will be matured by the years 2024 to 2028.

26.3 Deferred tax liabilities - net as at October 31, are as follows:

			Unit : Tho	usand Baht
	Conso	lidated	Separate	
	Financial S	Statements	Financial S	tatements
	2023 2022		2023	2022
Deferred tax liabilities - net				
Allowance for expected credit loss	(71,832)	(60,083)	(17,212)	(13,326)
Allowance for diminution in value of inventories	(2,716)	(3,533)	-	-
Allowance for impairment in investments in associates	(39,207)	-	-	-
Allowance for impairment in investments in subsidiaries	-	-	(362,395)	(405,475)
Non-current provision for employee benefits	(40,566)	(42,277)	(15,655)	(14,957)
Gain on asset revaluation	734,766	746,173	200,540	200,540
Loss carried forward	(518,976)	(526,719)	(342,946)	(487,750)
Depreciation	386,463	341,641	222,829	199,804
Change in fair value of investment properties	779,142	735,818	400,068	365,259
Change in fair value of biological assets	(2,298)	(2,603)	-	-
Gain from amalgamation	482,573	482,573	482,573	482,573
Provision on cash flow hedges	(12,019)	(30,725)	(12,019)	(30,725)
Others	(61,146)	(36,552)	(43,805)	(39,511)
Deferred tax liabilities - net	1,634,184	1,603,713	511,978	256,432

Movements of deferred tax liabilities for the years ended October 31, are as follows:

2023

			Unit : 7	Thousand Baht
	C	onsolidated Fina	ancial Statement	S
	As at November 1, 2022	Items as recognized in profit or loss	Items as recognized in other comprehensive	As at October 31, 2023
Deferred tax liabilities - net			income	
Allowance for expected credit loss	(60,083)	(11,749)		(71,832)
Allowance for diminution in value of inventories	` ' '	817	-	` ' '
	(3,533)	017	-	(2,716)
Allowance for impairment in investments in associates		(39,207)		(39,207)
	(42.277)	. , ,	(6.650)	` ' '
Non-current provision for employee benefits	(42,277)	8,361	(6,650)	(40,566)
Gain on asset revaluation	746,173	-	(11,407)	734,766
Loss carried forward	(526,719)	7,743	-	(518,976)
Depreciation	341,641	44,822	-	386,463
Change in fair value of investment properties	735,818	43,324	-	779,142
Change in fair value of biological assets	(2,603)	305	-	(2,298)
Gain from amalgamation	482,573	-	-	482,573
Provision on cash flow hedges	(30,725)	(5,964)	24,670	(12,019)
Others	(36,552)	(19,556)	(5,038)	(61,146)
Deferred tax liabilities - net	1,603,713	28,896	1,575	1,634,184

2022	C	onsolidated Fin	Unit : Tancial Statements	Thousand Baht
	As at November 1, 2021	Items as recognized in profit or loss	Items as recognized in other comprehensive income	As at October 31, 2022
Deferred tax liabilities - net				
Allowance for expected credit loss	(76,342)	16,259	-	(60,083)
Allowance for diminution in value of inventories	(4,636)	1,103	-	(3,533)
Non-current provision for employee benefits	(40,648)	5,849	(7,478)	(42,277)
Gain on asset revaluation	755,811	-	(9,638)	746,173
Loss carried forward	(761,292)	234,573	-	(526,719)
Depreciation	300,798	40,843	-	341,641
Change in fair value of investment properties	689,465	36,715	9,638	735,818
Change in fair value of biological assets	(2,627)	24	-	(2,603)
Gain from amalgamation	482,573	-	-	482,573
Provision on cash flow hedges	(15,530)	(7,781)	(7,414)	(30,725)
Others	(47,731)	4,568	6,611	(36,552)
Deferred tax liabilities - net	1,279,841	332,153	(8,281)	1,603,713

		Sonoroto Finan	Unit : T	housand Baht
	As at November 1, 2022	Items as recognized in profit or loss	Items as recognized in other comprehensive income	As at October 31, 2023
Deferred tax liabilities - net				
Allowance for expected credit loss	(13,326)	(3,886)	-	(17,212)
Allowance for impairment in investments				
in subsidiaries	(405,475)	43,080	-	(362,395)
Non-current provision for employee benefits	(14,957)	1,927	(2,625)	(15,655)
Gain on asset revaluation	200,540	-	-	200,540
Loss carried forward	(487,750)	144,804	-	(342,946)
Depreciation	199,804	23,025	-	222,829
Change in fair value of investment properties	365,259	34,809	-	400,068
Gain from amalgamation	482,573	-	-	482,573
Provision on cash flow hedges	(30,725)	(5,963)	24,669	(12,019)
Others	(39,511)	744	(5,038)	(43,805)
Deferred tax liabilities - net	256,432	238,540	17,006	511,978

			Unit : T	Chousand Baht
		Separate Finan	cial Statements	
	As at November 1, 2021	Items as recognized in profit or loss	Items as recognized in other comprehensive income	As at October 31, 2022
Deferred tax liabilities - net				
Allowance for expected credit loss	(10,867)	(2,459)	-	(13,326)
Allowance for impairment in investments				
in subsidiaries	(418,542)	13,067	-	(405,475)
Non-current provision for employee benefits	(17,450)	4,293	(1,800)	(14,957)
Gain on asset revaluation	210,178	-	(9,638)	200,540
Loss carried forward	(631,914)	144,164	-	(487,750)
Depreciation	177,933	21,871	-	199,804
Change in fair value of investment properties	331,913	23,708	9,638	365,259
Gain from amalgamation	482,573	-	-	482,573
Provision on cash flow hedges	(15,894)	(7,781)	(7,050)	(30,725)
Others	(52,773)	6,650	6,612	(39,511)
Deferred tax liabilities - net	55,157	203,513	(2,238)	256,432

27. NON-CURRENT PROVISION FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

The Company and its subsidiaries operate retirement benefit plans under the Thai Labor Protection Act and the Company and its subsidiaries' retirement rules, which are considered as unfunded defined benefit plans.

Amount recognized in the statement of profit or loss in respect of these defined benefit plans for the years ended October 31, are as follows:

	Consoli Financial S		Sepa	Unit : Thousand Baht Separate Financial Statements		
	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Current service cost	10,647	10,811	3,937	3,978		
Interest cost	6,649	4,319	2,376	1,490		
Total	17,296	15,130	6,313	5,468		

Movement in the present value of non-current provision for employee benefits for the years ended October 31, are as follows:

	Consol Financial S		Unit : Thousand Baht Separate Financial Statements		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Non-current provision for employee benefits brought forward	198,213	210,313	74,786	87,248	
Current service cost	10,647	10,811	3,937	3,978	
Interest cost	6,649	4,319	2,376	1,490	
Actuarial loss on the estimation of the obligations	35,583	37,525	13,124	9,004	
Benefits paid during the years	(40,218)	(64,755)	(15,949)	(26,934)	
Non-current provision for employee benefits carried forward	210,874	198,213	78,274	74,786	

The significant actuarial assumptions used to provision for non-current provision for employee benefits as at October 31, are as follows:

	Consol Financial S			rate Statements
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	%	%	%	%
Discount rate	2.90 - 4.02	2.56 - 4.49	3.21 - 3.36	2.92 - 3.19
Expected rate of salary increase	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Voluntary resignation rate				
(Depended on employee's age)				
 Monthly employees 	3.00 - 18.00	3.00 - 19.00	8.00 - 14.00	9.00 - 15.00
- Daily employees	4.00 - 48.00	4.00 - 50.00	8.00 - 44.00	9.00 - 50.00

The sensitivity analysis of the above actuarial assumptions impacted on present value of the non-current provision for employee benefits as at October 31, are as follows:

			Unit : M	Iillion Baht		
	Conso	lidated	Separate			
	Financial :	Statements	Financial Statements			
	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Discount rates						
Discount rates, decrease of 0.5 percent	0.56 - 80.61	0.48 - 75.86	80.61	75.86		
Discount rates, increase of 0.5 percent	0.52 - 76.07	0.44 - 73.26	76.07	73.26		
Salary growth rates						
Salary growth rates, decrease of 0.5 percent	0.53 - 76.20	0.44 - 73.33	76.20	73.33		
Salary growth rates, increase of 0.5 percent	0.55 - 80.45	0.48 - 75.76	80.45	75.76		
<u>Turnover rates</u>						
Turnover rates, decrease of 1 percent	0.59 - 83.46	0.50 - 77.27	83.46	77.27		
Turnover rates, increase of 1 percent	0.50 - 73.67	0.42 - 72.07	73.67	72.07		

28. DIVIDENDS PAID AND LEGAL RESERVE

The Company passed a resolution to pay dividends as follows:

Dividends	Approved by	Number of shares	Dividends Paid per share	Dividends Paid	Dividends Paid Date
		Billion shares	Baht	Million Baht	
- Dividends paid from the Company's result of operations from November 1, 2021 to October 31, 2022	The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders No. 1/2023 held on February 23, 2023	4.41	0.07	308.71	March 17, 2023
- Interim Dividends paid from unappropriated retained earnings as at July 31, 2022	Board of Directors meeting No. 7/2021-2022 held on September 9, 2022		0.03	132.31	October 7, 2022
- Dividends paid from the Company's result of operations from November 1, 2020 to October 31, 2021	The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders No. 1/2022 held on February 23, 2022	4.41	0.03	132.31	March 18, 2022

In accordance with the Public Limited Company Act B.E. 2535, the Company is required to set aside a legal reserve of at leases 5 percent of net earnings after deducting accumulated deficit brought forward (if any) until reserve reaches 10 percent of the authorized share capital and this reserve is not available for distribution as dividends.

As at October 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company's legal reserve reaches 10 percent of the Company's authorized share capital.

29. DIRECTORS REMUNERATION

The compensation paid to the directors of the Company approved by the Annual General Meeting of shareholders in accordance to Section 90 of Public Company Act are as follows:

30. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objectives of the Company and its subsidiaries' capital management are to maintain their ability to continue as a going concern, to maintain an appropriate capital structure and to maintain the interest-bearing debt to equity ratio in the consolidated financial statements not to exceed the covenants of the debenture issuances (see Note 22) and the loan agreements (see Note 23).

As at October 31, Interest-bearing debt to equity ratio in the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

	2023	2022
Interest-bearing debt to equity	0.66:1.00	0.78:1.00

In addition, a subsidiary has required to maintain the interest-bearing debt to equity ratio in the subsidiary's financial statements to be in accordance with the new long-term loan agreements issued during the year 2022. As at October 31, 2023 and 2022, the ratio are 0.22: 1.00 and 0.29: 1.00 respectively, which does not exceed the terms of the loan agreement.

31. **EXPENSES BY NATURE**

Significant expenses by nature for the years ended October 31, are as follows:

			Unit : Th	ousand Baht	
	Consoli	idated	Separa	nte	
	Financial S	tatements	Financial Statements		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Raw material and supply used	13,876,474	10,098,868	7,804,944	5,705,782	
Purchases of finished goods and supply	727,284	456,356	1,098,988	1,180,990	
Changes in finished goods and goods in process	(1,387,936)	595,119	(1,035,533)	86,607	
Salaries, wages and other employee benefits	1,134,776	1,093,962	398,622	366,536	
Depreciation and amortization	1,103,350	1,180,464	478,155	519,818	
Maintenance expenses	569,385	466,311	152,257	122,657	
Transportation expenses	511,230	434,209	291,493	258,528	
Finance costs	472,778	428,712	444,582	405,223	

32. BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculations of basic earnings per share were based on dividing the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares held by the outsiders during the years. Basic earnings per share for the years ended October 31, are as follows:

2023								
	Consolidated	l Financial Sta	atements	Separate Financial Statements				
	Profit	Number of	Earnings	Profit	Number of	Earnings per		
	for the year	shares	per share	for the year	shares	share		
	Thousand	Thousand	Baht	Thousand	Thousand	Baht		
	Baht	Shares		Baht	Shares			
Basic earnings per share								
For the year ended to ordinary equity holders	903,587	4,410,233	0.205	1,016,767	4,410,233	0.231		
2022								
	Consolidated	l Financial Sta	atements	Separat	e Financial St	atements		
	Profit	Number of	Earnings	Profit	Number of	Earnings per		
	for the year	shares	per share	for the year	shares	share		
	Thousand	Thousand	Baht	Thousand	Thousand	Baht		
	Baht	Shares		Baht	Shares			
Basic earnings per share								
For the year ended to ordinary equity holders	1,321,221	4,410,233	0.300	2,432,231	4,410,233	0.551		

33. DISCLOSURE OF SECTORIAL BUSINESS OPERATIONS

The Company and subsidiaries ("the Group") presented the segment information in respect of the Group's business segments. The primary format in segment information report is based on the Group's management and internal reporting structure.

The Group comprises the following main business segments:

Manufacture and Distribution of Sugar and Molasses

Produce and distribute sugar and molasses to industrial enterprises, re-export manufacturing enterprises and international sugar traders.

Manufacture and Sale of Electricity

Generate and sale electricity to Electricity Generating Authority of Thailand and the Group.

Real Estate Rental

Operate office building for rent and holiday resort for recreation and seminar center.

Geographical segments information is based on the Group operating in the country and overseas. The overseas operations comprise Lao People's Democratic Republic and Kingdom of Cambodia.

Major Customer Information

For the years ended October 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group's revenues contains revenue from the following major external customers:

- Revenue from one and two oversea customers, which are the international sugar traders, in manufacture and distribution of Sugar and Molasses sector in the amount of Baht 3,614.60 million and Baht 4,026.26 million, respectively.
- Revenue from a single customer in the country in electricity sector in the amount of Baht 1,502.88 million and Baht 1,160.86 million, respectively.

Details of the operating segments of the Group are as follows:

Consolidated Statements of Profit or Loss

For the years ended October 31, 2023 and 2022

													Unit : M	Iillion Baht
		Manufact	ture and		Manut	facture	Real	Estate	Otl	ners	Inter-Tr	ansaction	To	otal
		Distribu	ition of		and S	Sale of	Re	ntal	Busi	ness				
		Sugar and	Molasses		Elect	ricity								
	20	23	20	022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
	Thai	Overseas	Thai	Overseas	Thai	Thai	Thai	Thai	Thai	Thai				
Net revenue from external customers	15,187	677	13,659	535	1,717	1,354	111	118	757	663	-	-	18,449	16,329
Net revenue from internal customers	5,382	-	4,231	-	1,601	1,170	-	-	595	578	(7,578)	(5,979)	-	-
Total	20,569	677	17,890	535	3,318	2,524	111	118	1,352	1,241	(7,578)	(5,979)	18,449	16,329
Gross profit	1,485	336	2,111	262	553	244	40	56	136	103	68	13	2,618	2,789
Other incomes													308	414
Distribution, administrative expenses and others													(1,474)	(1,236)
Finance income	182	8	170	7	8	1	-	-	2	20	(119)	(93)	81	105
Finance costs	(518)	(20)	(457)	(39)	(47)	(28)	(27)	(20)	-	-	139	115	(473)	(429)
Share of gain on investment in associates													12	76
Income tax expense													(152)	(390)
Net profit													920	1,329
Less Profit for the years of non-controlling interest													(17)	(8)
Profit for the years to owners of the parent													903	1,321
Depreciation	(759)	(38)	(838)	(38)	(346)	(346)	-	-	(6)	(6)	46	48	(1,103)	(1,180)
Consolidated Statements of Financial Position														
As at October 31, 2023 and 2022														
Trade and other current receivables	2,961	31	2,273	38	302	265	18	11	22	28	(2,067)	(1,557)	1,267	1,058
Inventories	1,705	89	2,271	104	281	266	-	-	74	128	(18)	(29)	2,131	2,740
Property, plant and equipment	15,890	2,503	15,732	2,606	5,917	6,134	105	120	94	97	(537)	(550)	23,972	24,139
Central assets	16,815	191	16,505	183	652	234	4,882	4,770	500	840	(10,612)	(8,819)	12,428	13,713
Total Assets	37,371	2,814	36,781	2,931	7,152	6,899	5,005	4,901	690	1,093	(13,234)	(10,955)	39,798	41,650
Total Liabilities	20,512	1,817	20,761	2,018	1,635	1,831	892	1,019	177	85	(6,811)	(5,427)	18,222	20,287

Disaggregation of revenue

The Group derives its revenue from the transfer of goods and services over time and at a point in time in the following major product lines. This is consistent with the revenue information that is disclosed for each reportable segment under TFRS 8 for the years ended October 31, are as follows:

													Unit: M	Iillion Baht
		Manufact	ure and		Manu	facture	Real	Estate	Oth	ers	Inter-Tra	nsaction	To	tal
		Distribu	bution of		and S	Sale of	Rental Business							
	Sugar and Molasses		Elect	ricity										
	20)23	20	022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
	Thai	Overseas	Thai	Overseas	Thai	Thai	Thai	Thai	Thai	Thai				
At a point in time	20,569	677	17,890	535	3,160	2,355	-	-	1,187	1,107	(7,292)	(5,709)	18,301	16,178
Overtime	-	-	-	-	158	169	111	118	165	134	(286)	(270)	148	151
Total	20,569	677	17,890	535	3,318	2,524	111	118	1,352	1,241	(7,578)	(5,979)	18,449	16,329

34. COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND SIGNIFICANT AGREEMENTS

As at October 31, 2023 and 2022, apart from liabilities presented in the statements of financial position, the Company and its subsidiaries have commitments and contingent liabilities as follows:

- 34.1 The Company and its subsidiaries have commitments relating to the sales agreements which have not yet delivered in the consolidated financial statements amounting to Baht 3,653.65 million and Baht 5,710.71 million, respectively, and in the separate financial statements amounting to Baht 2,640.39 million and Baht 4,674.55 million, respectively.
- 34.2 The Company and its three subsidiaries had issued post-dated checks to the farmers to purchase canes. The Company and its subsidiaries did not record such liabilities as the checks have not yet due and the cane has not been received from the farmers as at October 31, as follows:

			Unit : N	Aillion Baht		
	Consoli	dated	Separate			
	Financial St	atements	Financial Statements			
	2023	2022	2023	2022		
For the production season 2024/2025	5.39	-	5.39	-		
For the production season 2023/2024	522.38	-	309.53	-		
For the production season 2022/2023	-	467.03	-	241.87		

- 34.3 The Company entered into a land and building lease agreement with a company. The rental rate is Baht 1.36 million per month. The rental period is from June 1, 2023 to May 31, 2028. Prior to the expiration of the contractual term, the agreement shall be extended 3 times for the contractual term of 5 years at each time and the lessee shall inform to the Company for the extension of the contractual term in writing at not less than 90 days prior to the expiry date of the agreement.
- 34.4 A subsidiary entered into two electricity sale-purchase agreements with the Electricity Generating Authority of Thailand (EGAT) as follows:
 - Agreement dated February 21, 2005, EGAT agrees to buy electricity from the subsidiary at Namphong District, Khonkaen Province, for the period of 21 years commencing from the first month of electricity sales (December 2006) at the volume of 20 Megawatt at the voltage of 115 Kilovolts. For the second year until the year before last year, EGAT agrees to buy electricity at not less than 80% of the electricity volume stipulated in the agreement.

On December 16, 2020, the subsidiary amended its EGAT electricity sale-purchase agreement to the "Feed-in Tariff" (FiT) sales calculation method. The original electricity sale-purchase agreement has the period of 21 years commencing from the first month of electricity sales (December 2006). For the amended agreement, the remaining term is 6 years and 2 months, which will be ended December 15, 2026.

On November 11, 2022, the subsidiary amended its EGAT electricity sale-purchase agreement to buy additional electricity at the volume of 5 Megawatt at the mutually-agreed price as stipulated in the agreement. The period is from November 15, 2022 to December 31, 2024 or the expiration of the contractual term, whichever occurs first.

- Agreement dated January 12, 2010, EGAT agrees to buy electricity at the volume of 22 Megawatt at the voltage of 115 Kilovolts from the subsidiary at Bo Ploy District, Kanchanaburi Province, at the mutually-agreed price as stipulated in the agreement for the period of 5 years commencing from April 1, 2011. Prior to the expiration of the contractual term, the subsidiary shall inform EGAT for the extension of the contractual term in writing at not less than 30 days prior to the expiry date of the agreement and the agreement shall be extended for the contractual term of 5 years at a time. The subsidiary has pledged the letter of guarantee at the amount of Baht 4.40 million as collateral for the offer to sell the electricity. Subsequently, on June 2, 2014, EGAT agrees to buy additional electricity at the volume of 8 Megawatt totaling 30 Megawatt at the voltage of 115 Kilovolts, at the mutually-agreed price as stipulated in the agreement for the contractual term of 5 years and automatically be renewed for consecutive 5 year-terms.
- 34.5 A subsidiary entered into an electricity sale-purchase agreement with the Provincial Electricity Authority (PEA) on September 18, 2012, PEA agrees to buy electricity at the volume of 2.12 Megawatt at the voltage of 22,000 volts at Wangsaphung District, Loei Province, at the mutually-agreed price as stipulated in the agreement commencing from November 20, 2012 for the period of 5 years and automatically be renewed for consecutive 5 years-terms, unless either party terminate this agreement.

On August 18, 2022, the subsidiary amended its PEA electricity sale-purchase agreement to buy additional electricity from the volume of 2.12 Megawatt to the volume of 8 Megawatt at the mutually-agreed price as stipulated in the agreement. The agreement is ended December 31, 2024 or the expiration of the contractual term, whichever occurs first.

34.6 The consolidated and separate financial statements have commitments and credit facilities as follows:

Unit: Million Consolidated Financial Statements As at October 31, 2023 As at October 31, 2022 Limit Utilized Remaining Limit Utilized Remaining Commitments Contract to guarantee of debt repayment of subsidiary for all contingent liabilities THB 1.538.76 2,243.27 Credit facilities THB 70.10 67.54 Letters of guarantees (unspecified credit limit) THB 90.00 _ 90.00 Letters of credit and trust receipts 90.00 Overdraft and short-term borrowings THB 20,197.74 3,545.00 16,652.74 19,547.74 3,910.07 15,637.67 Short-term borrowings USD 0.50 0.50 0.50 THB 1,771.00 541.00 1,230.00 Joint credit line in short-term borrowings 1,921.00 821.00 1,100.00 THB 6,468.00 6,468.00 7,703.00 7,703.00 Long-term borrowings Long-term borrowings USD 32.05 32.05 41.67 41.67

Unit : Million

Canarata	Financial	Statemente

		As at October 31, 2023			As at October 31, 2022		
	Currency	Total	Utilized	Remaining	Total	Utilized	Remaining
Commitments							
Contract to guarantee of debt repayment of subsidiary							
for all contingent liabilities	THB	-	1,478.76	-	-	2,183.27	-
Credit facilities							
Letters of guarantees (unspecified credit limit)	THB	-	1.37	-	-	1.37	-
Letters of credit and trust receipts	THB	30.00	-	30.00	30.00	-	30.00
Overdraft and short-term borrowings	THB	10,992.00	2,612.00	8,380.00	10,342.00	2,550.00	7,792.00
Short-term borrowings	USD	0.50	-	0.50	0.50	-	0.50
Joint credit line in short-term borrowings	THB	1,771.00	541.00	1,230.00	1,921.00	821.00	1,100.00
Long-term borrowings	THB	5,718.00	5,718.00	-	6,703.00	6,703.00	-
Long-term borrowings	USD	32.05	32.05	-	41.67	41.67	-

The above credit facilities are partially secured between the Company and its subsidiaries. In addition, for certain credit facilities, if they are utilized, certain inventories of the Company and its subsidiaries will be used as collateral, however, as at October 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company and its subsidiaries have not yet used those facilities.

As at October 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company and three subsidiaries have secured loans issued by a bank to farmers in the consolidated financial statements amounting to Baht 113.16 million and Baht 145.25 million, respectively, and in the separate financial statements amounting to Baht 22.72 million and Baht 14.58 million, respectively.

The Company and its subsidiaries are required to comply with certain financial conditions for commitments, contingent liabilities and credit facilities as above, which the Company and its subsidiaries have to maintain the interest-bearing debt to equity ratio and for a long-term loan of a subsidiary, there is condition requiring the Company has to maintain the shareholding ratio of the Company in that subsidiary.

34.7 The Company and its subsidiaries have the remaining commitments under the various contracts as follows:

Unit: Million

		Consolidated Financial Statements					
		As at Octo	ober 31, 2023	As at Octo	ober 31, 2022		
	Currency	Contractual Amount	Outstanding Contractual Commitments	Contractual Amount	Outstanding Contractual Commitments		
Construction and subcontract agreements	THB	3,962.64	3,292.71	43.56	24.74		
Machine and equipment purchase agreements	THB	16.00	1.60	-	-		
	USD	0.56	-	0.56	-		
	EUR	-	-	0.02	0.01		
					Unit : Million		

Consolidated Financial Statements

0 0 0	
Outstanding Contractual	Commitments

		As at October 31, 2023			As at October 31, 2022				
	Currency	Within 1 year	1 - 5 years	Over 5 year	s Total	Within 1 year	r 1 - 5 years	Over 5 year	rs Total
Leased concession	ns								
agreements	USD	0.14	0.56	4.00	4.70	0.14	0.56	4.14	4.84

Unit : Million

		Separate Financial Statements					
		As at Octo	ber 31, 2023	As at October 31, 2022			
	Currency	Contractual Amount	Outstanding Contractual Commitments	Contractual Amount	Outstanding Contractual Commitments		
Construction and subcontract agreements	THB	13.74	4.11	29.31	16.72		
Machine and equipment purchase agreements	EUR	-	-	0.02	0.01		

34.8 Other significant agreements

- 34.8.1 A subsidiary was granted the electricity generating business concession from the Ministry of Energy on October 1, 2005 in the area of 43 Moo 10, Tambol Namphong, Amphur Namphong, Khonkaen Province, for the period of 21 years. However, such subsidiary obtained a license for energy industry operation from the Energy Regulatory Commission (ERC) as a replacement when the Energy Industry Act B.E. 2550 was effective, for the period of 19 years ending in December 2028. The subsidiary has to comply with the Energy Industry Act B.E. 2550 and the conditions according to the license.
- 34.8.2 On February 16, 2006, Savannakhet Sugar Corporation (subsidiary) made a contract to develop area in the Laos People's Democratic Republic with the Government of that country to be used for the subsidiary's office, factory unit, road and area for cane plantation with the total area of 10,000 hectares covering the period of 40 years which can be extended for another 20 years if approved by the counter party. As at October 31, 2023 and 2022, the subsidiary has already utilized the area of 5,636.35 hectares equal for both years and the rental fee according to the contract.
- 34.8.3 Koh Kong Plantation Company Limited and Koh Kong Sugar Industry Co., Ltd. (subsidiaries) entered into the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the Government of Kingdom of Cambodia on August 2, 2006 in order to build a sugar mill factory and receive concession land for cane plantation in Koh Kong Province, Kingdom of Cambodia with total area of 18,057 hectares covering period of 90 years and the rental price has a grace period of the first 5 years, afterwards, the rate of rental price of USD 5 per hectare per annum and the rental fee will increase by 1% every year and later on February 25, 2016, the Government of Kingdom of Cambodia amended the new concession to 50 years. As at October 31, 2023 and 2022, the subsidiaries have already utilized the area of 9,133.03 hectares equal for both years. Buildings and structure of subsidiaries are located on the concession land which the ownership will be transferred to the lessor when the agreements are expired (see Note 18).
- 34.8.4 Koh Kong Sugar Industry Co., Ltd. (subsidiary) entered into two long-term land lease agreements with an outside person to build port and land awaiting development dated June 1, 2007 and May 21, 2007, respectively. The contractual term is 90 years for both agreements. (see Note 19).

35. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

35.1 Other current financial assets and liabilities

Other current financial assets and liabilities as at October 31, consisted of:

	Unit : Thousand Baht Consolidated/Separate	
		Statements
	2023	2022
Derivative assets		
Derivative assets designated as hedging instruments		
Foreign currency forward exchange contracts	35,623	-
Cross Currency and interest rate Swap contracts	167,492	309,132
Sugar future contracts		345,963
Total other current financial assets	203,115	655,095
Other current financial liabilities		
Derivative liabilities designated as hedging instruments		
Foreign currency forward exchange contracts	-	514,632
Sugar future contracts	56,407	-
Foreign currency option and Sugar future option contracts	30,648	4,045
Interest rate swap contracts	29,696	38,900
Total other current financial liabilities	116,751	557,577

Derivatives designated as cash flow hedges

The Company has a policy to enter into the derivatives for hedging, but does not have any objective to hold for speculation. However, there is an economic relationship between the hedge items and hedge instrument and regularly evaluation of its effectiveness.

The Company assesses the hedge effectiveness by comparing changes in the fair value of the hedging instrument with changes in the fair value of the hedged item for the hedged risk.

For the years ended October 31, 2023 and 2022, the proportion of changes in the fair value of the hedging instrument to the change in the fair value of the hedged item was tested which effectiveness was not recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

Reconciliation of loss on cash flow hedges which recognized in the shareholders' equity that relate to cash flow hedge relationships for the years ended October 31, 2023 and 2022.

Cash flow hedges	Unit : Thousand Baht Loss on cash flow hedges			
Cash now neages	Consolidated Financial Statements	Separate Financial Statements		
Balance as at November 1, 2022	(122,996)	(122,996)		
Effective portion of changes in fair value of				
cross currency and interest rate swap contracts Income tax related to amounts transferred	(8,954) 1,791	(8,954) 1,791		
	(7,163)	(7,163)		
Effective portion of changes in fair value of foreign currency forward exchange contracts Income tax related to amounts transferred	550,255 (110,051)	550,255 (110,051)		
	440,204	440,204		
Effective portion of changes in fair value of foreign currency option contracts	(15,584)	(15,584)		
Income tax related to amounts transferred	3,117	3,117		
	(12,467)	(12,467)		
Effective portion of changes in fair value of sugar future contracts Income tax related to amounts transferred	(402,370) 80,474	(402,370) 80,474		
income tax related to amounts transferred	(321,896)	(321,896)		
Balance as at October 31, 2023	(24,318)	(24,318)		
Cook flow hadges		t: Thousand Baht		
Cash flow hedges		sh flow hedges		
Cash flow hedges	Loss on ca			
Cash flow hedges Balance as at November 1, 2021	Loss on ca Consolidated Financial	sh flow hedges Separate Financial		
Balance as at November 1, 2021	Loss on ca Consolidated Financial Statements	sh flow hedges Separate Financial Statements		
Balance as at November 1, 2021 Effective portion of changes in fair value of cross currency and interest rate swap contracts	Loss on car Consolidated Financial Statements (93,339)	sh flow hedges Separate Financial Statements (94,795) 25,509		
Balance as at November 1, 2021 Effective portion of changes in fair value of	Loss on car Consolidated Financial Statements (93,339) 25,509 (5,102)	sh flow hedges Separate Financial Statements (94,795) 25,509 (5,102)		
Balance as at November 1, 2021 Effective portion of changes in fair value of cross currency and interest rate swap contracts Income tax related to amounts transferred	Loss on car Consolidated Financial Statements (93,339)	sh flow hedges Separate Financial Statements (94,795) 25,509		
Balance as at November 1, 2021 Effective portion of changes in fair value of cross currency and interest rate swap contracts Income tax related to amounts transferred Effective portion of changes in fair value of	Loss on car Consolidated Financial Statements (93,339) 25,509 (5,102) 20,407	Sh flow hedges		
Balance as at November 1, 2021 Effective portion of changes in fair value of cross currency and interest rate swap contracts Income tax related to amounts transferred Effective portion of changes in fair value of foreign currency forward exchange contracts	Loss on car Consolidated Financial Statements (93,339) 25,509 (5,102) 20,407 (466,028)	Sh flow hedges Separate Financial Statements (94,795) 25,509 (5,102) 20,407 (464,208)		
Balance as at November 1, 2021 Effective portion of changes in fair value of cross currency and interest rate swap contracts Income tax related to amounts transferred Effective portion of changes in fair value of	Loss on car Consolidated Financial Statements (93,339) 25,509 (5,102) 20,407	Sh flow hedges		
Balance as at November 1, 2021 Effective portion of changes in fair value of cross currency and interest rate swap contracts Income tax related to amounts transferred Effective portion of changes in fair value of foreign currency forward exchange contracts Income tax related to amounts transferred	Loss on car Consolidated Financial Statements (93,339) 25,509 (5,102) 20,407 (466,028) 93,206	sh flow hedges Separate Financial Statements (94,795) 25,509 (5,102) 20,407 (464,208) 92,842		
Balance as at November 1, 2021 Effective portion of changes in fair value of cross currency and interest rate swap contracts Income tax related to amounts transferred Effective portion of changes in fair value of foreign currency forward exchange contracts	Loss on car Consolidated Financial Statements (93,339) 25,509 (5,102) 20,407 (466,028) 93,206	sh flow hedges Separate Financial Statements (94,795) 25,509 (5,102) 20,407 (464,208) 92,842		
Balance as at November 1, 2021 Effective portion of changes in fair value of cross currency and interest rate swap contracts Income tax related to amounts transferred Effective portion of changes in fair value of foreign currency forward exchange contracts Income tax related to amounts transferred Effective portion of changes in fair value of	Loss on car Consolidated Financial Statements (93,339) 25,509 (5,102) 20,407 (466,028) 93,206 (372,822) 29,090 (5,818)	sh flow hedges Separate Financial Statements (94,795) 25,509 (5,102) 20,407 (464,208) 92,842 (371,366) 29,090 (5,818)		
Balance as at November 1, 2021 Effective portion of changes in fair value of cross currency and interest rate swap contracts Income tax related to amounts transferred Effective portion of changes in fair value of foreign currency forward exchange contracts Income tax related to amounts transferred Effective portion of changes in fair value of foreign currency option contracts	Loss on car Consolidated Financial Statements (93,339) 25,509 (5,102) 20,407 (466,028) 93,206 (372,822) 29,090	sh flow hedges Separate Financial Statements (94,795) 25,509 (5,102) 20,407 (464,208) 92,842 (371,366) 29,090		
Balance as at November 1, 2021 Effective portion of changes in fair value of cross currency and interest rate swap contracts Income tax related to amounts transferred Effective portion of changes in fair value of foreign currency forward exchange contracts Income tax related to amounts transferred Effective portion of changes in fair value of foreign currency option contracts Income tax related to amounts transferred Effective portion of changes in fair value of foreign currency option contracts Income tax related to amounts transferred	Loss on car Consolidated Financial Statements (93,339) 25,509 (5,102) 20,407 (466,028) 93,206 (372,822) 29,090 (5,818) 23,272	\$\frac{\text{sh flow hedges}}{\text{Separate}}\$ \$\frac{\text{Separate}}{\text{Financial}}\$ \$\frac{\text{54tements}}{\text{25,509}}\$ \$\frac{(5,102)}{20,407}\$ \$\frac{(464,208)}{92,842}\$ \$\frac{(371,366)}{(371,366)}\$ \$\frac{29,090}{(5,818)}\$ \$\frac{23,272}{\text{23,272}}\$		
Balance as at November 1, 2021 Effective portion of changes in fair value of cross currency and interest rate swap contracts Income tax related to amounts transferred Effective portion of changes in fair value of foreign currency forward exchange contracts Income tax related to amounts transferred Effective portion of changes in fair value of foreign currency option contracts Income tax related to amounts transferred Effective portion of changes in fair value of sugar future contracts	Loss on car Consolidated Financial Statements (93,339) 25,509 (5,102) 20,407 (466,028) 93,206 (372,822) 29,090 (5,818) 23,272	sh flow hedges Separate Financial Statements (94,795) 25,509 (5,102) 20,407 (464,208) 92,842 (371,366) 29,090 (5,818) 23,272 374,358		
Balance as at November 1, 2021 Effective portion of changes in fair value of cross currency and interest rate swap contracts Income tax related to amounts transferred Effective portion of changes in fair value of foreign currency forward exchange contracts Income tax related to amounts transferred Effective portion of changes in fair value of foreign currency option contracts Income tax related to amounts transferred Effective portion of changes in fair value of foreign currency option contracts Income tax related to amounts transferred	Loss on car Consolidated Financial Statements (93,339) 25,509 (5,102) 20,407 (466,028) 93,206 (372,822) 29,090 (5,818) 23,272	\$\frac{\text{sh flow hedges}}{\text{Separate}}\$ \$\frac{\text{Separate}}{\text{Financial}}\$ \$\frac{\text{54tements}}{\text{25,509}}\$ \$\frac{(5,102)}{20,407}\$ \$\frac{(464,208)}{92,842}\$ \$\frac{(371,366)}{(371,366)}\$ \$\frac{29,090}{(5,818)}\$ \$\frac{23,272}{\text{23,272}}\$		

For the years 2023 and 2022, the Group recognized gains (losses) from changes in fair value as above amount of Baht 98.68 million and Baht (29.66) million, respectively, in the statement of comprehensive income in full amount.

35.2 Hedging related to the distribution of sugar

The Group entered into sugar future contracts and sugar futures option contracts and foreign currency forward exchange contracts. The main objective is for hedging from exporting sugar. The Group has forecast export sales based on the information that is probable in the future, such as the projected the quantity of sugar cane and sugar production in the next production season, history of market share in sugar cane procurement of the Group and export sale contracts that have already been committed before the end of the period, etc.

The Company had gradually hedged in accordance with the sugar future contracts and the foreign currency forward contracts of Thailand Cane and Sugar Corporation (TCSC). The price of sugar of TCSC receives from selling for export raw sugar from the amount of sugar that has been allocated according to the Cane and Sugar Board's determination to produce and deliver part of the sugar in each factory to TCSC of sellers will determine the cost of sugar cane for every sugar factory in Thailand in each year of production. The hedging is made to reduce the risk in the gross profit of sugar distribution. In other words, hedging is for sugar and sugar cane prices.

(A) Risk from commodity price of fluctuation (sugar)

The Company and its subsidiaries in Thailand have entered into sugar future contracts and sugar future option contracts that are based on the expected export sales in the next 12 months. The Company has a policy to hedge in the range of 70% - 90% of hedge or actual transactions. Such derivative contracts generally have a term consistent with the duration of the sugar futures contracts of TCSC, which generally have a contract term not more than 12 months.

As at October 31, 2023 and 2022, outstanding balances under sugar future contracts with the details are as follows:

		Unit : Million Consolidated/Separate Financial Statements						
	Foreign currency	Contrac	t value	Fair value				
		2023	2022	2023	2022			
Buying future contracts	USD	12.27	42.33	11.91	41.98			
Selling future contracts	USD	27.62	109.37	25.68	118.09			

As at October 31, 2023 (2022: Nil), outstanding balances under sugar future option contracts with the details are as follows:

			Unit: Million					
	As at October 31, 2023							
Sold quantity	Bought quantity	Contract exchange rate	Fair value loss					
Million Pound	Million Pound	USD per Pound	Million Baht					
53.76	-	0.70	(17.66)					

(B) Foreign currency risk

The Company and its subsidiaries in Thailand have entered into foreign currency forward exchange contracts and foreign currency option contracts in accordance with the Group's policy to manage foreign currency risk associated with sales expected to occur over a period of 12 months. The Group have a hedging policy in accordance with the foreign currency forward contracts of TCSC. In the past, most of them were in the range of 60% - 80% of the actual risks or transaction and have a contract term not more than 12 months. The derivative contracts were executed in accordance with the Group's policy by entering into derivative contracts through a subsidiary.

As at October 31, 2022, the Company and its subsidiaries have outstanding foreign currency forward contracts amounting USD 192.22 million in an average rate of 34.41 Baht/USD. The remaining term of the contract is in the range of 180 - 355 days and there are financial liabilities arising from fair value measurement of Baht 514.63 million.

As at October 31, 2023, the Company and its subsidiaries have outstanding foreign currency forward contracts amounting USD 134.50 million in an average rate of 35.61 Baht/USD and amounting YEN 680.00 million in an average rate of 0.25 Baht/YEN. The remaining term of the contract is in the range of 180 - 355 days and there are financial liabilities arising from fair value measurement of Baht 35.62 million.

As at October 31, 2022 (2023:Nil), outstanding balances under foreign currency option contacts with the details are as follows:

Unit: Million

Consolidated/Separate Financial Statements As at October 31, 2022

Sold quantity	Bought quantity	Contract exchange rate	Fair value loss
Million USD	Million USD	USD per Baht	Million Baht
4.00	-	37.00 - 38.60	(2.08)

35.3 Hedging foreign currency and interest rate risk

The Company entered into cross currency and interest rate swap contracts to mitigate risks from rising interest rates and exposure to fluctuations in US dollar currency exchange rates of a US dollar borrowing contract with a floating interest rate. The borrowing and derivative contracts were entered into with the same financial institution including the maturity period of both the principal and interest is the same period.

As at October 31, 2023 and 2022, outstanding balances under cross currency and interest rate swap contracts with the details are as follows:

Consolidated/Separate Financial Statements As at October 31, 2023							
Contract	Maturity	Amount to pay Notional amount	Interest rate	Amount to receive Notional amount	Interest rate	Fair value gain	
						Million Baht	
Long-term borrowings	March 2024	USD 32.05 million	SOFR 6M+1.96%	Baht 1,000 million	2.85%	167.49	
Consolidated/Separate Financial Statements As at October 31, 2022							
		Amount to pay	•	Amount to receive			
Contract	Maturity	Notional amount	Interest rate	Notional amount	Interest rate	Fair value gain	
						Million Baht	
Long-term	March 2024	USD 41.47 million	LIBOR	Baht 1,300 million	2.85%	309.13	

35.4 Financial risk management

borrowings

The Group's management (the Company and its subsidiaries) assesses the risks, monitors and manages the financial risks associated with the Group's operations by analyzing the risks according to the level and size of the risks. These risks include market risk, foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, price risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

6M+1.96%

The Group considers mitigate the effects of risk primarily by using financial instruments including financial derivatives that are suitable for hedging. There is no policy to hold or issue any financial instruments for speculation or trading.

Market risk

The Group has market risks demonstrates the main financial risk from changes in foreign currency forward rates, interest rate risk and commodity (sugar) price risk. The Group has entered into various derivative financial instruments to manage exposure, including:

- Forward foreign currency contracts to hedge US dollar exchange rate risks arising from exports.
- Sugar futures contracts and sugar futures option contracts to reduce the price risk of the products sold.

Foreign currency risk

Risk on exchange rates for the Company and its subsidiaries are mainly involved with sales of goods and import of machineries which are transactions denominated in foreign currencies. As at October 31, the significant assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies of the Company and its subsidiaries which the risk on exchange rates have not been hedged are as follows:

Consolidated Financial Statements						parate Finan		Unit : Million nents
	20	023	2022		2023		2022	
Currency	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
USD	0.05	0.74	2.51	1.18	25.36	-	31.04	-
YEN	-	2.50	-	6.50	-	-	-	-
RIEL	212.83	10.41	191.23	9.92	-	-	-	-
LAK	189.52	3,333.12	83.37	3,366.84	-	-	-	-

Analysis of foreign currency sensitivity

The effect on the Group's profit before tax is due to changes may be occur. If the reasonably possible change by 5% in exchange rates of the Thai Baht for all other variable are fixed. The profit for the years ended October 31, 2023 and 2022 will be changed are as follows:

				Million Baht
	Consoli	dated	Separate Financial Statements	
	Financial S	tatement		
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Effect on profit before tax in the statement of profit or loss				
THB against USD				
- Weakened	(1.24)	2.56	45.86	59.27
- Strengthened	1.24	(2.56)	(45.86)	(59.27)
THB against YEN				
- Weakened	(0.03)	(0.08)	-	-
- Strengthened	0.03	0.08	-	-
THB against RIEL				
- Weakened	0.09	0.08	-	-
- Strengthened	(0.09)	(0.08)	-	-
THB against LAK				
- Weakened	(0.27)	(0.37)	-	-
- Strengthened	0.27	0.37	-	-

This information is not a forecast or prediction of future market conditions and should be used with care.

Interest rate risk

The Company and its subsidiaries have derived from the interest rate risk arising from future fluctuations in market interest rates, which will affect upon the Company and its subsidiaries' operating results and cash flows. However, the Group manage risk on interest rate by using various methods including the loans allocation to gain appropriate balance between fixed and floating interest rate loans and compatible to different activities of the Group with the details mainly as follows:

Unit: Thousand Baht

Consolidated Financial Statements As at October 31, 2023

	Fi	xed Interest Ra	Floating	Total	
	Within	More than	More than	Interest Rate	
	1 year	1 year	5 years		
		to 5 years			
Financial Assets					
Saving accounts deposits	-	-	-	72,697	72,697
Loans for cane plantation development	114,238	89,886	5,263	333	209,720
Short-term loans to farmers	549,704	-	-	7,118	556,822
Long-term loans	13,275	23,052	-	-	36,327
Other non-current financial assets		6,824			6,824
Total	677,217	119,762	5,263	80,148	882,390
Financial Liabilities					
Short-term borrowings from financial institutions	4,086,000	-	-	-	4,086,000
Short-term borrowings	14,100	-	-	-	14,100
Long-term debentures	-	2,648,901	-	-	2,648,901
Long-term borrowings	2,962,000	4,665,074	-	-	7,627,074
Lease liabilities	14,278	27,975			42,253
Total	7,076,378	7,341,950			14,418,328

Unit: Thousand Baht

Consolidated Financial Statements As at October 31, 2022

	As at October 31, 2022					
	Fi	xed Interest Ra	Floating	Total		
	Within	More than	More than	Interest Rate		
	1 year	1 year	5 years			
		to 5 years				
Financial Assets						
Saving accounts deposits	-	-	-	62,224	62,224	
Fixed account deposits	267	-	-	-	267	
Loans for cane plantation development	123,362	58,406	9,594	775	192,137	
Short-term loans to farmers	487,239	-	-	7,860	495,099	
Long-term loans	14,600	34,800	-	-	49,400	
Other non-current financial assets			6,800		6,800	
Total	625,468	93,206	16,394	70,859	805,927	
Financial Liabilities						
Short-term borrowings from financial institutions	4,731,071	-	-	-	4,731,071	
Short-term borrowings	8,100	-	-	-	8,100	
Long-term debentures	-	-	2,648,672	-	2,648,672	
Long-term borrowings	2,535,000	6,759,404	-	-	9,294,404	
Lease liabilities	12,314	22,122	-	-	34,436	
Total	7,286,485	6,781,526	2,648,672	-	16,716,683	

Unit: Thousand Baht

Separate Financial Statements As at October 31, 2023

	As at October 51, 2025						
	F	Total					
	Within	More than	More than	Interest Rate			
	1 year	1 year	5 years				
		to 5 years					
Financial Assets							
Saving accounts deposits	-	-	-	19,982	19,982		
Loans for cane plantation development	35,234	46,162	3,487	-	84,883		
Short-term loans to farmers	315,047	-	-	-	315,047		
Short-term loans	1,053,824	-	-	-	1,053,824		
Long-term loans	545,275	1,572,052	132,000		2,249,327		
Total	1,949,380	1,618,214	135,487	19,982	3,723,063		
Financial Liabilities							
Short-term borrowings from financial institutions	2,612,000	-	-	-	2,612,000		
Short-term borrowings	1,431,100	-	-	-	1,431,100		
Long-term debentures	-	2,648,901	-	-	2,648,901		
Long-term borrowings	2,712,000	4,165,074	-	-	6,877,074		
Lease liabilities	44,914	190,493			235,407		
Total	6,800,014	7,004,468	-		13,804,482		

Unit: Thousand Baht

Senarate Financial Statements

	Separate Financial Statements						
	As at October 31, 2022						
	Fi	ixed Interest R	ate	Floating	Total		
	Within	More than	More than	Interest Rate			
	1 year	1 year	5 years				
		to 5 years					
Financial Assets							
Saving accounts deposits	-	-	-	6,948	6,948		
Loans for cane plantation development	37,000	41,170	8,751	-	86,921		
Short-term loans to farmers	241,870	-	-	-	241,870		
Short-term loans	193,233	-	-	-	193,233		
Long-term loans	645,600	800,800	1,180,000		2,626,400		
Total	1,117,703	841,970	1,188,751	6,948	3,155,372		
Financial Liabilities							
Short-term borrowings from financial institutions	2,550,000	-	-	-	2,550,000		
Short-term borrowings	1,056,100	-	-	-	1,056,100		
Long-term debentures	-	-	2,648,672	-	2,648,672		
Long-term borrowings	2,285,000	6,009,404	-	-	8,294,404		
Lease liabilities	42,319	228,189	-	-	270,508		
Total	5,933,419	6,237,593	2,648,672		14,819,684		

Analysis of interest rate sensitivity

The effect on the Group's profit before tax is due to changes may be occur. If the reasonably possible change by 1% in interest rates for all other variable are fixed. The profit for the years ended October 31, 2023 and 2022 will be changed are as follows:

	Consolidated Financial Statement		Unit : Million Ba Separate Financial Statement	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Effect on profit before tax in the statement of income - Decrease in interest rate by 1%	0.02	0.54	0.02	0.56
Profit before tax increase	0.82	0.56	0.82	0.56
- Increase in interest rate by 1% Profit before tax decrease	(0.82)	(0.56)	(0.82)	(0.56)

This information is not a forecast or prediction of future market conditions and should be used with care.

Commodity prices fluctuation risk

Group of companies in the production and distribution of sugar business in Thailand

As mentioned in Note 35.2, the Group operates derivatives to hedge sugar prices, which is consistent with the sugar price hedging transaction of TCSC due to the selling prices of exporting sugar and the exchange rate that TCSC actually sells in each production year will be calculated as part of the cost of sugarcane that the sugar mill has to pay to the farmers in each year for the Group in Thailand engaged in the production and distribution of sugar in Thailand.

Initially, the Group entered into the sugar futures contracts in the future market based on the sugar futures price, sales volume and termination period as per the actual sales by TCSC. The Group hedged for the undelivered sales contracts as well as the forecasted export sales in the following year. When the Group enters into the sales contracts with customers, the Group will close the above futures contract positions.

At present, there are no such hedging contracts made by the foreign subsidiaries.

Analysis of commodity price sensitivity

The effect on the Group's profit before tax is due to changes may be occur. If the reasonably possible change by 5% in commodity price for all other variable are fixed. The profit for the years ended October 31, 2023 and 2022 will be changed are as follows:

	Consolidated Financial Statement		Unit : Million Bal Separate Financial Statements	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Effect on profit before tax in the statement of profit or loss				
- Increase in price of sugar				
Profit before tax increase	511.75	435.10	285.71	266.52
- Decrease in price of sugar				
Profit before tax decrease	(511.75)	(435.10)	(285.71)	(266.52)

This information is not a forecast or prediction of future market conditions and should be used with care.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the potential financial loss resulting from the failure of a customer or a counterparty to settle its financial and contractual obligations to the Group as and when they fall due.

Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis. Credit evaluations are performed on customers requiring credit over a certain amount. At the reporting date, there were no significant concentrations of credit risk. The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the statements of financial position.

Liquidity risk

The Group has monitored liquidity risk by using overdrafts, promissory notes, loans, debentures and leases. The Group has the ability to access a wide range of funding sources sufficiently and manages risks by controlling short-term and long-term liabilities to maintain the balance of debt repayments as appropriate for investment types and business operations.

35.5 Fair value measurements

The Group's accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. The fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. Fair values have been determined for measurement and/or disclosure purposes based on the following methods. When applicable, further information about the assumptions made in determining fair values is disclosed in the notes specific to that asset and liability.

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value.

Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities which are measured at fair value and their fair value hierarchy level classification as at October 31, 2023 and 2022 were summarized as follows:

Financial assets/ financial liabilities	Consolidated financial statements Fair value as at October 31, 2023 2022 (Thousand Baht)		Separate financial statements Fair value as at October 31, 2023 2022 (Thousand Baht)		financial statements Fair value as at October 31, 2023 2022		Fair value hierarchy	Valuation techniques and key inputs for fair value measurement
Financial assets 1. Time deposits with maturities of more than 3 months but not more than 12 months	-	267	-	-	Level 3	Amortized cost and effective interest method.		
Marketable equity securities	173,181	198,371	173,181	198,371	Level 1	Use of quoted market prices in an active market for such assets or liabilities.		
3. Investment in non-marketable equity securities	30,992	23,492	23,022	23,022	Level 3	Fair value of investment in non-marketable equity securities which is determined by net asset value.		
Non-marketable debt securities	6,824	6,800	-	-	Level 3	Fair value of non-marketable debt securities which is determined by net asset value.		
Foreign currency forward exchange contracts	35,623	-	35,623	-	Level 2	The estimated future cash flows is from forward foreign currency exchange rates (from observable forward foreign currency exchange rates at the end of the reporting period) and contract forward rates, a discounted at market rate.		
6. Cross currency and interest rate swap contracts	167,492	309,132	167,492	309,132	Level 2	The estimated discounted cash flows is from future cash payment and future cash receive which is discounted by observable yield curve.		
7. Sugar future contracts	-	345,963	-	345,963	Level 2	Discounted cash flow and adjust commodity price yield curves.		
Financial liabilities 1. Foreign currency forward exchange contracts	-	514,632	-	514,632	Level 2	The estimated future cash flows is from forward foreign currency exchange rates (from observable forward foreign currency exchange rates at the end of the reporting period) and contract forward rates, a discounted at market rate.		
Foreign currency option and sugar future option contracts	30,648	4,045	30,648	4,045	Level 2	Discounted a market face. Discounted cash flow and adjust commodity price yield curves.		
3. Interest rate swap contracts	29,696	38,900	29,696	38,900	Level 2	The estimated discounted cash flows is from future cash payment and future cash receive which is discounted by observable yield curve.		
Sugar future contracts	56,407	-	56,407	-	Level 2	Discounted cash flow and adjust commodity price yield curves.		

These financial assets and financial liabilities are presented as part of other current financial assets and other current financial liabilities, respectively, in the statements of financial position.

Financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value.

Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities which are not measured at fair value and their fair value hierarchy level classification as at October 31, 2023 and 2022 was summarized as follows:

Unit : Thousand Baht Consolidated financial statements

		Consonua	icu illialiciai		
	20	23	20:		
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value	Fair value hierarchy
Financial assets					•
Cash and cash equivalents	206,390	206,390	254,845	254,845	Level 3
Trade and other current receivables	1,266,599	1,266,599	1,058,208	1,058,208	Level 3
Short-term loans	672,569	672,569	623,849	623,849	Level 3
Trade and other non-current receivables	76,436	76,436	100,202	100,202	Level 3
Long-term loans	130,300	130,300	112,787	112,787	Level 3
Financial liabilities					
Short-term borrowings	4,086,000	4,086,000	4,731,071	4,731,071	Level 3
Trade and other current payables	1,657,446	1,657,446	1,076,780	1,076,780	Level 3
Current portion of long-term borrowings from					
financial institutions	2,962,000	2,962,000	2,535,000	2,535,000	Level 3
Short-term borrowings	14,100	14,100	8,100	8,100	Level 3
Debentures	2,648,901	2,437,707	2,648,672	2,372,641	Level 2
Long-term borrowings from financial institutions	4,665,074	4,665,074	6,759,404	6,759,404	Level 3

Unit: Thousand Baht

	Separate financial statements					
	20:	23	20:			
	Carrying	Fair value	Carrying	Fair value	Fair value	
	amount		amount		hierarchy	
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	36,608	36,608	62,445	62,445	Level 3	
Trade and other current receivables	2,209,028	2,209,028	1,472,304	1,472,304	Level 3	
Short-term loans	1,949,380	1,949,380	1,117,703	1,117,703	Level 3	
Trade and other non-current receivables	38,776	38,776	44,575	44,575	Level 3	
Long-term loans	1,753,701	1,753,701	2,030,721	2,030,721	Level 3	
Financial liabilities						
Short-term borrowings from financial institutions	2,612,000	2,612,000	2,550,000	2,550,000	Level 3	
Trade and other current payables	634,861	634,861	682,207	682,207	Level 3	
Current portion of long-term borrowings from						
financial institutions	2,712,000	2,712,000	2,285,000	2,285,000	Level 3	
Short-term borrowings from subsidiaries and related						
parties	1,431,100	1,431,100	1,056,100	1,056,100	Level 3	
Debentures	2,648,901	2,437,707	2,648,672	2,372,641	Level 2	
Long-term borrowings from financial institutions	4,165,074	4,165,074	6,009,404	6,009,404	Level 3	

Valuation technique for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value of the Company and the subsidiaries are as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents, trade and other current receivables and short-term loans, the carrying amounts stated in the statements of financial position approximate their fair values due to the relatively short-term maturity of these financial instruments. Fair values of trade and other non-current receivables do not have significantly different from the carrying values stated in the statements of financial position.

The carrying amounts of long-term loans carrying interest at rates approximating the market rate, in the statement of financial position approximates their fair value.

Short-term borrowings from financial institutions, trade and other current payables, current portion of long-term borrowings, short-term borrowings from subsidiaries and related parties, and other current liabilities the carrying amounts stated in the statements of financial position of these financial liabilities approximate their fair values because of the short-term period to maturity of these financial instruments.

The carrying amounts of long-term borrowings from financial institutions with fixed and floating interest rate carrying interest at rates approximating the market rate, in the statement of financial position approximates their fair value.

Fair value of debentures is based on market price at the reporting date.

	Consolidated Financial St Carrying amount Million Baht	atement	Fair value Hierarchy	Valuation technique of fair value
As at October 31, 2023 Financial liabilities Long-term debentures	2,649	2,438	Level 2	Calculated from the closing price of the last Bond Market Association Thailand at the last day.
As at October 31, 2022 Financial liabilities Long-term debentures	2,649	2,373	Level 2	Calculated from the closing price of the last Bond Market Association Thailand at the last day.

36. PROVIDENT FUND

The Company and 8 subsidiaries and their employees have jointly established a provident fund in accordance with the Provident Fund Act B.E. 2530. For the years ended October 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group and their employees monthly contributed to the fund at the rate of 2% - 15% for both years. The fund, which is managed by Bangkok Capital Fund Management Co., Ltd. for both years, will pay the employees upon their termination in accordance with the fund rules. For the years ended October 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company and its subsidiaries contributed in amounts of Baht 20.78 million and Baht 21.88 million, respectively, in the consolidated financial statements and the Company contributed in amounts of Baht 7.58 million and Baht 8.16 million, respectively, in the separate financial statements.

37. PRIVILEGES OF BENEFITS FROM PROMOTED INVESTMENT

A domestic subsidiary received 3 investment promotion certificates from the Board of Investment of Thailand (BOI) under the Investment Promotion Act B.E. 2520. The benefits includes the exemption from income tax for profit for the year derived from operations of promoted businesses for the period of 8 years, commencing from the date of first receiving operation revenue of promoted businesses. The details are as follows:

Certificate No.	Sections	Date		Promoted activity types	Commenced date	Expire date
	Privilege				of revenues generated	
1432(2)/2552	25, 26, 28, 31(1), 31(2), 31(3),	June 24, 2009	-	Production of electricity, power steams and	November 30, 2010	November 29, 2018
	31(4), 34, 35(1), 35(2) and 35(3)			water for manufacture		
1349(2)/2556	25, 26, 28, 31(1), 31(2), 31(3),	March 15, 2013	-	Production of electricity, power steams and	January 21, 2014	January 20, 2022
	31(4), 34, 35(1), 35(2) and 35(3)			water for manufacture		
61-0170-1-00-1-0	25, 26, 28, 31(1), 31(2), 31(3),	February 12, 2018	-	Production of electricity, power steams and	Income not yet derived	
	31(4) and 34			water for manufacture		

Furthermore, in accordance with the Promotion Certificate No. 1432(2)/2552, and 1349(2)/2556, the subsidiary receives the privilege at 50% income tax reduction of the regular rate for the period of 5 years commencing from the expiration date of income tax exemption and under all Promotion Certificates, the subsidiary is granted privilege for exemption of import duties for approved machinery and exemption from income tax on dividend on profit from promoted businesses during the period in which the subsidiaries is granted exemption from corporate income tax.

38. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements have been approved for issuance by the Company's Board of Directors on December 22, 2023.